



User Manual

LTE / FIBRE Wi-Fi AC1200 CAT 6 Dual Band Gigabit Router

DWR-957M

Preface

D-Link reserves the right to revise this publication and to make changes in the content hereof without obligation to notify any person or organization of such revisions or changes.

Manual Revisions

Revision	Date	Description
1.10	Mar 10, 2023	Final Release

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Product Overview

Package Contents



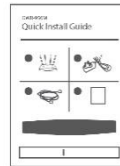
DWR-957M router



Power Adapter



Ethernet Cable



Quick Install Guide

If any of the above items are missing or damaged, please contact your reseller.

Note: Using a power supply other than the one included with the DWR-957M may cause damage and void the warranty for this product.

System Requirements

Network Requirements

- An active account with an Internet Service Provider using one of the following connection types:
- A Mobile connection using a SIM card
- A broadband device connected using the WAN port

Web-based Configuration Utility Requirements Computer with the following:

- Windows[®], Macintosh, or Linux-based operating system
- An installed Ethernet adapter

Browser Requirements:

- Internet Explorer 10 or higher
- Microsoft EDGE Browser 20 or higher
- Firefox 11 or higher
- Safari 5 or higher
- Chrome 17 or higher

Windows[®] Users: Make sure you have the latest version of Java installed. Visit version of Java installed. Visit www.java.com to download the latest version.

Introduction

The D-Link DWR-957M FIBRE / LTE WI-FI AC1200 DUAL BAND ROUTER with VOIP share your internet connection over blazing-fast Wireless AC. Equipped with advanced AC beamforming technology to maximize the speed and range of your wireless signal to significantly outperform 802.11n and other older, non-beamforming capable 802.11ac devices. It also has a Gigabit WAN port, one USB ports, and four Gigabit ports to provide speeds up to 10 times faster than standard 10/100 ports. Enjoy uninterrupted Internet service thanks to failover protection, the WAN port to connect to Ethernet based networks while the built-in SIM slots allows for mobile broadband zconnection. With the addition of Advanced Quality of Service (QoS), data streams are separated, which helps organize and prioritize your network traffic so your video streaming, gaming, and VoIP calls run smoother over both your wired and wireless network.

The DWR-957M FIBRE / LTE WI-FI AC1200 DUAL BAND ROUTER with VOIP provides incredible speeds, smart antenna technology, fast ports, and cloud features. It also features a clean design and easy installation options.

Features

Faster Wireless Networking -The DWR-957M is dual-band capable and equipped with four antennas to provide wireless speeds of up to 1200 Mbps* for your wireless devices. It operates on both the 2.4 GHz and 5GHz bands to allow separation of traffic so users can participate in high-bandwidth activities, such as video streaming, online gaming, and real-time audio, without affecting low-priority traffic like email and web surfing.

- **Compatible with 802.11n/g/b/a devices** - The DWR-957M is still fully compatible with the 802.11n, 802.11g, and 802.11a standards, so it can connect with existing 802.11n, 802.11g, 802.11b, and 802.11a wireless devices.

- **Advanced Firewall Features** - The web-based user interface allows you to configure a number of advanced network management features including:

- **Content Filtering** - Easily apply content filtering based on MAC address, URL, and/or domain name.

- **Scheduling** - The wireless features can be scheduled to be active on a schedule you define.

- **Multiple/Concurrent VPN Sessions** - The DWR-957M can pass through VPN sessions. It supports multiple and concurrent IPSec and PPTP sessions, so users behind the DWR-957M can access encrypted corporate networks.

- **User-friendly Setup Wizard** - Through its easy-to-use web-based user interface, the DWR-957M lets you control what information is accessible to those on the wireless network, whether from the Internet, or from your company's server. Configure your router to your specific settings within minutes.

* Maximum wireless signal rate derived from IEEE Standard 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n, and 802.11ac specifications. Actual data throughput will vary. Network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, building materials and construction, and network overhead, lower actual data throughput rate. Environmental conditions will adversely affect wireless signal range.

Hardware Overview

Back Panel



1.	Power Button	Press to switch router ON/OFF
2.	Power Connector	Connector for the supplied power adapter.
3.	Ethernet Ports	Connects to Ethernet devices such as computers.
4.	WAN Port	Connects to Ethernet WAN devices.
5.	FXS VoIP port	Connects to an analogue telephone.

Hardware Overview

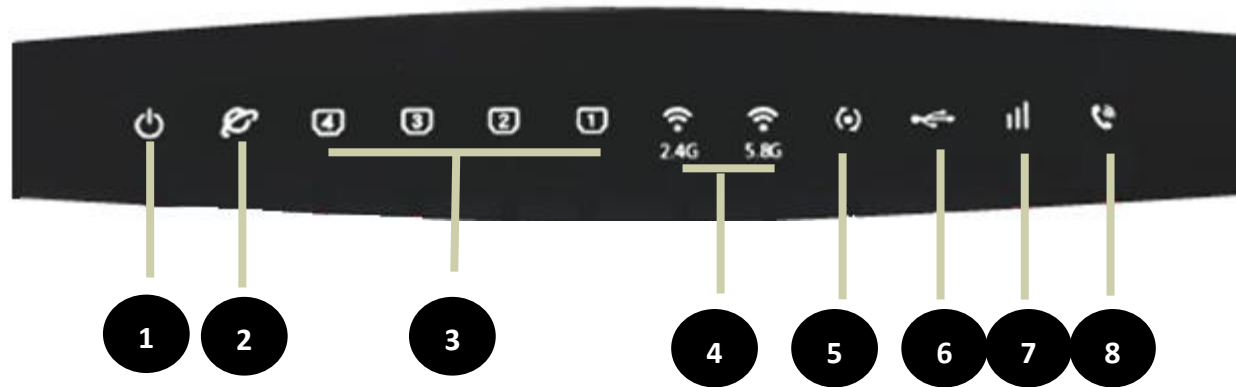
Side Panel



6.	USB 3.0 Port	Connect to USB Storage Device
7.	Reset Button	Press and Hold the Reset button for 25 seconds to reset the DWR-957M
8.	WPS Button	Press to start the WPS process and automatically create an encrypted connection to a WPS client.

Hardware Overview

LEDs



1.	Power	Solid Blue	Device is powered on.
2.	WAN	Solid Blue	The WAN is properly connected.
		Blinking Blue	The WAN is properly connected and data is being transmitted.
		OFF	No connection or Cable not connected properly.
3.	LAN 1,2,3,4	Solid Blue	A device is connected to the Ethernet port.
		Blinking Blue	A device is connected to the Ethernet port and data is being transmitted.
		OFF	Nothing is connected to the Ethernet port.

4.	WiFi 2.4Ghz/5Ghz	Blinking Blue	Enabled and data is being transmitted.
		Solid Blue	Enabled and no data is being transmitted.
		OFF	WiFi is turned OFF
5.	WPS	Blinking Blue	WPS pairing mode active.
		Solid Blue	WPS enabled, paired with WPS client
		OFF	WPS disabled.
6	USB	Solid Blue	USB storage device connected
		OFF	No USB device connected or USB not detected.
7.	LTE Signal	Red	No Internet connection or SIM not reading.
		Orange	Device is connected to 2G service.
		Green	Device is connected to 3G Service.
		Blue	Device is connected to 4G service.
		OFF	LTE connection disabled.
8.	Phone Service	Green	Device is using CS dial mode
		Blue	Device is using VoIP dial mode
		OFF	NO voice service is detected

Installation

This section will walk you through the installation process. Placement of the router is very important. Do not place the router in an enclosed area such as a closet, cabinet, attic, or garage.

Note: This installation section is written for users who are setting up their home Internet service with the DWR-957M FIBRE / LTE WI-FI AC1200 DUAL BAND ROUTER with VOIP for the first time. If you are replacing an existing modem and/or router, you may need to modify these steps.

Before you begin

- Make sure to have your Fibre service information provided by your Internet Service Provider handy. This information is likely to include your Fibre account's Username and Password. Your ISP may also supply you with additional WAN configuration settings which are necessary to establish a connection. This information may include the connection type (DHCP IP, Static IP, PPPoE, or PPPoA) and/or ATM PVC details.
- If you are connecting a considerable amount of networking equipment, it may be a good idea to take the time to label each cable or take a picture of your existing setup before making any changes.
- We suggest setting up your DWR-957M from a single device and verifying that it is connected to the Internet before connecting additional devices.

Wireless Installation Considerations

The D-Link wireless router lets you access your network using a wireless connection from virtually anywhere within the operating range of your wireless network. Keep in mind that the number, thickness and location of walls, ceilings, or other objects that the wireless signals must pass through may limit the range. Typical ranges vary depending on the types of materials and background RF (radio frequency) noise in your home or business. The key to maximizing wireless range is to follow these basic guidelines:

1. Keep the number of walls and ceilings between the D-Link router and other network devices to a minimum - each wall or ceiling can reduce your adapter's range from 3-90 feet (1-30 meters.) Position your devices so that the number of walls or ceilings is minimized.
2. Be aware of the direct line between network devices. A wall that is 1.5 feet thick (0.5 meters), at a 45-degree angle appears to be almost 3 feet (1 meter) thick. At a 2-degree angle it looks over 42 feet (14 meters) thick! Position devices so that the signal will travel straight through a wall or ceiling (instead of at an angle) for better reception.
3. Building materials make a difference. A solid metal door or aluminum studs may have a negative effect on range. Try to position access points, wireless routers, and computers so that the signal passes through drywall or open doorways. Materials and objects such as glass, steel, metal, walls with insulation, water (fish tanks), mirrors, file cabinets, brick, and concrete will degrade your wireless signal.
4. Keep your product away (at least 3-6 feet or 1-2 meters) from electrical devices or appliances that generate RF noise.
5. If you are using 2.4 GHz cordless phones or X-10 (wireless products such as ceiling fans, lights, and home security systems), your wireless connection may degrade dramatically or drop completely. Make sure your 2.4 GHz phone base is as far away from your wireless devices as possible. The base transmits a signal even if the phone is not in use.

Manual Setup

Hardware Installation

01

Connect the Ethernet cable supplied with your Fibre device (ONT) to a LAN port on the ONT. Then connect the other end of the cable to the blue WAN port on the back of the router.

If you have a Fibre service

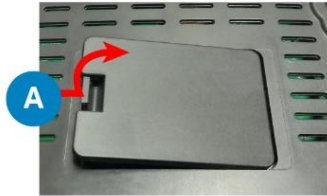


OR

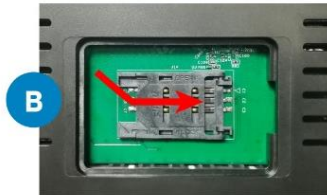
01

If you have a LTE service

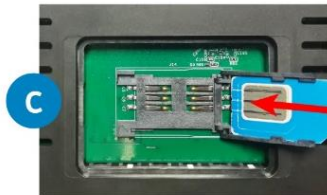
A. Flip the router upside down and open the flap at the bottom.



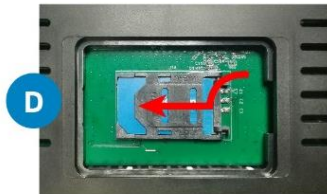
B. Press down and slide the SIM card holder to the right, then flip open the tray.



C. Slide the SIM card into the open tray with the gold contact points facing up.



D. Close the tray, press down and slide the SIM card holder to the left to lock it into place. Then restore the flap at the back of the router.



03

You can set up your router using Wi-Fi an Ethernet cable or APP.



Ethernet cable:

Connect the yellow RJ-45 Ethernet cable to any yellow LAN port at the back of the router and the other end into your PC LAN port.



D-Link ZA App

Download and use the D-Link ZA App to setup and manage yo router settings.



Wi-Fi:

Use the default Wi-Fi SSID and password (WPA Key) printed or the bottom of the router to connect your Wi-Fi enabled device to the router.

02

Connect the power connector of the power supply to the power socket at the back of the router.

Plug the power supply into the wall outlet. Switch the wall outlet and the router on.



04

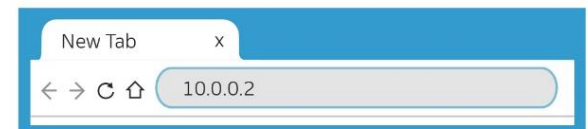


If you are using an Ethernet cable / Wi-Fi to complete the setup:

Launch an Internet browser (Google Chrome, Firefox, Internet Explorer, Safari, etc.) on your connected device.

In the URL web address field, type **10.0.0.2** and press enter.

The Quick Setup wizard will start automatically. Please follow the steps of the wizard to finish the configuration of the router



Getting Started

To set up the Internet connection without using the Quick Setup Wizard on the router, refer to **Basic Setup on page 44**

To connect to the web interface of the router and get started setting it up, refer to **Configuration on page**.

Quick Setup

Step 1

The Quick Setup menu is used to set up the Internet connection on the DWR-957M. This is the first step in the Quick Setup tool and allows you to choose the connection type.

Step 1: Select Interface

Type: Please select which WAN interface to use: 3G/4G or ETH. Your ISP should inform you of what method you use to connect to the Internet.

Click **Next** to continue.

Quick Setup

step1 -> step2 -> step3 -> step4 -> step5 -> step6 -> step7 -> step8 -> step9

Please select which WAN interface to use: 3G/4G or Ethernet WAN,

then click the 'test' button to detect if the hardware interface is correctly connected.

Select Interface Type:

Step 2

Auto detecting

3G/4G will use DHCP, or IF you are on Fibre you will use either PPPoE or DHCP connection.

If PPPoE or DHCP is successful, please click the next button to continue to next step.

If both DHCP and PPPoE test fails,

For SIM card: please verify sim card connectivity (whether the SIM card is active and inserted correctly)

For Fibre: please verify that your fibre is active and the cable from the ONT device is plugged into the blue port at the back of the DWR-957M

Quick Setup

Auto detecting. This may take a while, please wait patiently...

Back Reset

step1 -> **step2** -> step3 -> step4 -> step5 -> step6 -> step7 -> step8

Auto detect success, PPP account test passed! Suggest you choose PPPoE, Please click 'Next'.

Select Mode:

Back Reset Next

Quick Setup

step1 -> **step2** -> step3 -> step4 -> step5 -> step6 -> step7 -> step8

Auto detect complete. Both DHCP and PPP account test fail! Please click the Reset button to reset to factory defaults, and then restart this wizard after the reset.

Select Mode:

Back Reset Next

Step 3

IF PPPoE Passed then user will need to enter the Username and Password as provided by the Internet Service Provider (ISP). IF DHCP passed device will automatically skip to step 5.

Username: Enter your Username here. (usually looks like an email address like Yourname@telkomsa.net)

Password: Enter your Password here.

Confirm Password: Enter the same password again here.

step1 -> step2 -> **step3** -> step4 -> step5 -> step6 -> step7 -> step8

Please enter your Username and Password as provided by your ISP (Internet Service Provider). Click 'Next' to continue.

User Name:

Password:

Confirm Password:

Note: Using admin for the username & password will not work on this step as this is the account details for your Fibre line, which is unique to each client's account.

Step 4.

If connection is on PPPoE device will now test if the configured account is valid. If the test fails, please click on the back button and double check that the details on step 3 are correct. If the details have been entered correctly and step 4 still fails, please contact your Internet Service Provider and request for them to send you new PPPoE details.

step1 -> step2 -> step3 -> **step4** -> step5 -> step6 -> step7 -> step8

This may take a while, please wait patiently...

Step 5

On Step 5 the user will be able to modify the WiFi SSID and Preshare Key to their requirements.

SSID 2.4GHz: The name of the Wi-Fi network operating on 2.4GHz.

Preshare key: The password for the Wi-Fi network operating on 2.4GHz.

SSID 5GHz: The name of the Wi-Fi network operating on 5GHz.

5G WPA Preshare key: The password for the Wi-Fi network operating on 5GHz.

Click **Back** to go back to the pervious page, click **Skip** to skip this configuration or click **Next** to continue to **Step 6**.

step1 -> step2 -> step3 -> step4 -> **step5** -> step6 -> step7 -> step8

SSID 2.4GHz:	<input type="text" value="dlink-956M-2.4G-9d42"/>
2.4G WPA Preshare key:	<input type="password" value="....."/>
SSID 5GHz:	<input type="text" value="dlink-956M-5.8G-9d42"/>
5G WPA Preshare key:	<input type="password" value="....."/>

Back **Skip** **Next**

Step 6

In this step you can enter the change the web UI credentials. (The details used to log into the settings page of your router on 10.0.0.2)

AdminName: The username to log in to the web UI.

AdminPassword: Enter the password here for logging into the web UI.

AdminPassword: Enter the password for logging in to the web UI again to confirm.

Note: Password cannot contain a space.

Click **Back** to go back to the pervious page, click **Skip** to skip this configuration (not recommended for security purposes) or click **Next** to continue to **Step 8**.

step1 -> step2 -> step3 -> step4 -> step5 -> **step6** -> step7 -> step8

Use the fields below to enter up to 15 characters and click "Apply" to change or create passwords.

Note: Password cannot contain a space.

AdminName:	<input type="text" value="admin"/>
AdminPassword:	<input type="password"/>
Confirm AdminPassword:	<input type="password"/>

Back **Skip** **Next**

Step 7

In this step you can enter the Site Username, Site Password, Confirm Site Password and Site LAN IP/Netmask to connect to Telkom VPN lite

Site Username: The site username.

Site Password: Enter the site password here.

Confirm Site Password: Enter the site password again to confirm.

Site LAN IP/ Netmask: Enter the LAN IP or Netmask for the site here.

Note: Password cannot contain a space.

Click **Back** to go back to the pervious page or click **Next** to continue to **Step 9**.

Step 8

In this step you can you can review everything for accuracy.

Click **Back** to go back to the pervious page or click Apply to apply all of the configuration settings.

step1 -> step2 -> step3 -> step4 -> step5 -> step6 -> **step7** -> step8

If you are a Telkom VPN Lite Customer,you can configure it here.Your PC's IP address needs to renew after the wizard is done - please disconnect your PC and then reconnect it.

If you're not a Telkom VPN Lite customer you can click "Skip" to continue.

Site Username:
Site Password:
Confirm Site Password:
Site LAN IP/Netmask: (Format: A.A.A.A/B(A:0-255,B:1-32))

Back **Skip** **Next**

Setup complete.

Click "Back" to review or modify settings.

Click "Apply" to apply the current settings.

If your Internet connection does not work after you pressed apply, you can try the Setup Wizard again with alternative settings or use Manual Setup instead if you have your Internet connection details as provided by your ISP.

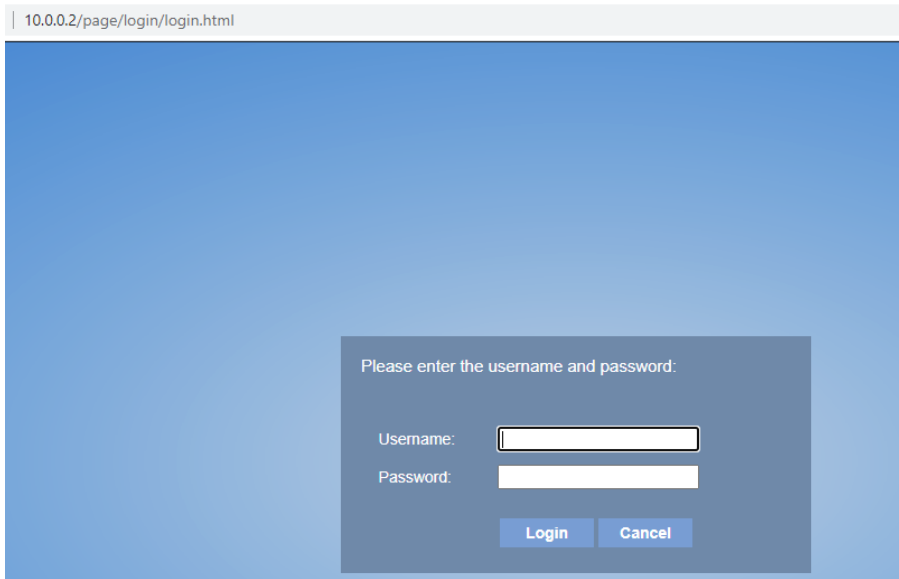
Site Username:	
Site Password:	
Site LAN IP/Netmask:	/
Web Login Name:	admin
Web Login Password:	admin1
SSID 2.4GHz:	dlink-956M-2.4G-9d42
2.4G WPA Preshare key:	neifq89695
SSID 5GHz:	dlink-956M-5.8G-9d42
5G WPA Preshare key:	neifq89695

Back **Apply**

Configuration

Log in

To access the web interface, open a web browser and enter the IP address of the router (by default this is **10.0.0.2**) into the address bar. When the login page of the DWR-957M is displayed, enter the username and password you set on step 6 of the setup wizard. By default the login details are **admin** for the username and **admin** for the password if you chose to not change the details on the wizard. Click **Log In** to proceed or **Cancel** to clear your input.



10.0.0.2/page/login/login.html

Please enter the username and password:

Username:

Password:

Login Cancel

Note: If you cannot remember your password or cannot log in, follow the factory reset procedure to restore the router to its default settings. The web interface is used to set up and change settings on the DWR-957M. Follow the steps below to access the web interface and start setting up the DWR-957M.

Status

Device Information

The Status menu is used to display statistics from different functions from the router. This displays basic system information and the uptime of the router.

Device Information

Product Type: The model number of the router.

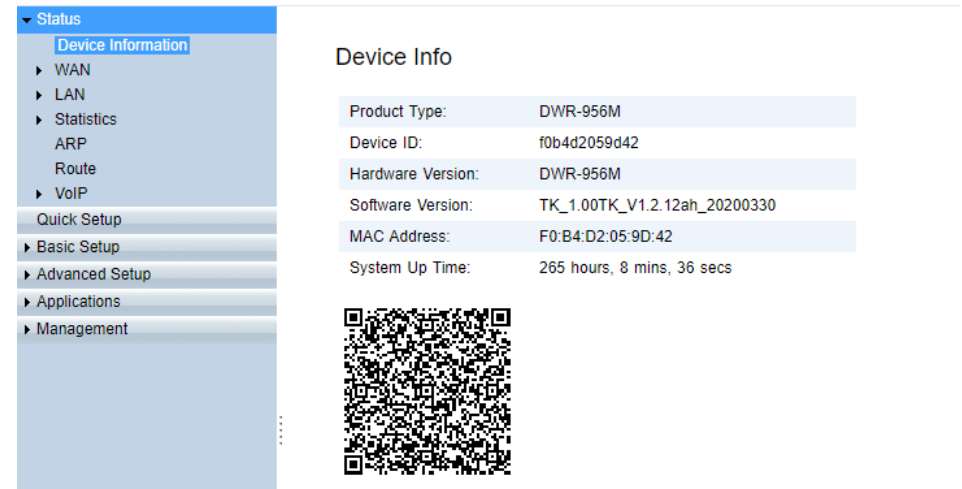
Device ID: The device ID of the router.

Hardware Version: The hardware version of the router.

Software Version: The software version of the router.

MAC Address: The MAC address of the router.

System Up Time: The amount of time that the router has been on for.



The screenshot shows the D-Link router's web interface. On the left is a navigation menu with the following items: Status (expanded), Device Information (selected), WAN, LAN, Statistics, ARP, Route, VoIP, Quick Setup, Basic Setup, Advanced Setup, Applications, and Management. The main content area displays the 'Device Info' page with the following details:

Product Type:	DWR-956M
Device ID:	f0b4d2059d42
Hardware Version:	DWR-956M
Software Version:	TK_1.00TK_V1.2.12ah_20200330
MAC Address:	F0:B4:D2:05:9D:42
System Up Time:	265 hours, 8 mins, 36 secs

Below the table is a QR code.

WAN

Network

This displays Network status information.

IPv4 / IPv6 WAN Connection Status

Connection Name: The name of the WAN connection.

Type: The WAN connection type.

IP Address/Mask: The IP address and subnet mask of the WAN connection.

Default Gateway: The default gateway of the WAN connection.

Primary DNS: The primary DNS of the WAN connection.

Secondary DNS: The secondary DNS of the WAN connection.

Status: The status of the WAN connection.

IPv4 WAN Connection Status

Connection Name	Type	IP Address/Mask	Default Gateway	Primary DNS	Secondary DNS	Status
DHCP_WAN_ETH	DHCP	/				Connecting
PPPoE_WAN_ETH	PPP	105.186.219.43/255.255.255.255	105.184.43.1	196.43.42.190	196.43.50.190	Connected
LTE	DHCP	/				Disconnected

IPv6 WAN Connection Status

Connection Name	Type	IP Address	Default Gateway	Primary DNS	Secondary DNS	Prefix	Status
No Rule Found!							

DS-Lite Status

Connection Name: The name of the DS-Lite connection.

Type: The DS-Lite connection type.

Mode: The DS-Lite mode of the DS-Lite connection.

AFTR Address: The AFTP address of the DS-Lite connection.

Status: The status of the DS-Lite connection.

L2TP LAC Status

Connection Name: The name of the DS-Lite connection.

Type: The WAN connection type.

IP Address/Mask: The IP address and subnet mask of the WAN connection.

Default Gateway: The default gateway of the WAN connection.

Primary DNS: The primary DNS of the WAN connection.

Secondary DNS: The secondary DNS of the WAN connection.

Status: The status of the DS-Lite connection.

Click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

L2TP LNS Status

Connection Name: The name of the WAN connection. Type the WAN connection type.

IP Address/Mask: The IP address and subnet mask of the WAN connection.

Default Gateway: The default gateway of the WAN connection.

Primary DNS: The primary DNS of the WAN connection.

Secondary DNS: The secondary DNS of the WAN connection.

Status: The status of the WAN connection.

Click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

DS-Lite Status

Connection Name	Type	Mode	AFTR Address	Status
DHCP_WAN_ETH	DHCP	Auto		Disconnected
PPPoE_WAN_ETH	PPP	Auto		Disconnected

L2TP LAC Status

Connection Name	Type	IP Address/Mask	Default Gateway	Client WAN IP	Server WAN IP	Status
No Rule Found!						

L2TP LNS Status

Connection Name	Type	IP Address/Mask	Status	Authentication Mode	User Name
	PPP	/	Disconnected		

Ethernet

This displays Ethernet status information.

Statistics -- WAN

Status: The status of the Ethernet connection.

Speed: The speed of the Ethernet connection.

Duplex: The duplex of the Ethernet connection.

Received: The number of bytes and packets received on the Ethernet connection.

Transmitted: The number of bytes and packets sent on the Ethernet connection.

Click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Statistics -- WAN

Status	Speed	Duplex	Received		Transmitted	
			Bytes	Packets	Bytes	Packets
Up	1000Mb/s	Full Duplex	590465912	463648	1736711	8492

Refresh

3G/4G

This displays xDSL status information.

Status: The status of the 3G/4G connection.

Provider: Shows the Network Provider for the SIM connection.


Network Type: The connection type

Signal: The signal strength for the connection

Cell id: IMEI number for the DWR-957M

Click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Statistics -- WAN

Status	Provider	Network type	Signal	Cell id
Registered	Telkom-StayHomeSA	LTE		354586100737774

Refresh

LAN

Network

This displays Network status information.

LAN Host IP Address: The IP address of the LAN connection.

IPv6 LAN Host IP Address: The IPv6 address of the LAN connection.

The LAN menu is used to display status information for the LAN interfaces on the router.

Ethernet

This displays Ethernet status information.

Interface: The name of the LAN interface.

Status: The status of the LAN interface.

Speed: The speed of the LAN interface.

Duplex: The duplex of the LAN interface.

LAN Host

IP Address: 10.0.0.2

IPv6 LAN Host

IPv6 Address: fe80::1

LAN - Ethernet

Interface	Status	Speed	Duplex
LAN1	Down	-	-
LAN2	Up	1000Mb/s	Full Duplex
LAN3	Down	-	-
LAN4	Down	-	-

WLAN

This displays WLAN status information.

SSID Index: The index number of the Service Set Identifier (SSID).

SSID: The name of the SSID.

BSSID: The name of the Basic Service Set Identifier (BSSID).

Status: The status of the SSID.

Authentication Mode: The authentication modes supported by the SSID.

Encryption Mode: The encryption modes supported by the SSID.

Attached Devices Info

IP Address: The IP address of the device connected to the SSID.

MAC Address: The MAC address of the device connected to the SSID.

Click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

DHCP Client

This displays DHCP client status information.

Host Name: The host name of the DHCP client.

MAC Address: The MAC address of the DHCP client.

IP Address: The IP address of the DHCP client.

Lease Time: The lease time of the IP address.

LAN - WLAN

SSID Index	SSID	BSSID	Status	Authentication Mode	Encryption Mode
SSID-1	dlink-956M-2.4G-95e3	EC:AD:E0:50:95:E4	Enable	WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK	AESEncryption
SSID-2	dlink-956M-2.4G-2	EE:AD:E0:50:95:E4	Disable	WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK	AESEncryption
SSID-3	dlink-956M-2.4G-3	EE:AD:E0:60:95:E4	Disable	WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK	AESEncryption
SSID-4	dlink-956M-2.4G-4	EE:AD:E0:70:95:E4	Disable	WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK	AESEncryption
SSID-5	dlink-956M-5.8G-95e3	EC:AD:E0:50:95:E5	Enable	WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK	AESEncryption
SSID-6	dlink-956M-5G-2	EE:AD:E0:50:95:E5	Disable	WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK	AESEncryption
SSID-7	dlink-956M-5G-3	EE:AD:E0:51:95:E5	Disable	WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK	AESEncryption
SSID-8	dlink-956M-5G-4	EE:AD:E0:52:95:E5	Disable	WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK	AESEncryption

Attached Devices Info

IP Address	MAC Address
No Rule Found!	

Refresh

LAN - DHCP Client

Host Name	MAC Address	IP Address	Lease Time
DESKTOP-OQGT5Q5	68:f7:28:5c:23:39	10.0.0.3	23:53:07

Statistics

The Statistics menu is used to display statistics for the different interfaces on the router.

WAN

This displays the WAN statistics.

Interface: The name of the WAN interface.

Received: The number of bytes and packets received, and the number of errors and discarded packets on the WAN connection.

Transmitted: The number of bytes and packets sent, and the number of errors and discarded packets on the WAN connection.

Click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

LAN

This displays the LAN statistics.

Port: The name of the LAN port.

Transmitted: The number of bytes and packets sent, and the number of errors and discarded packets on the LAN port.

Received: The number of bytes and packets received, and the number of errors and discarded packets on the LAN port.

Click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Statistics -- WAN

Interface	Received				Transmitted			
	Bytes	Packets	Error	Discard	Bytes	Packets	Error	Discard
DHCP_WAN_ETH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PPPoE_WAN_ETH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LTE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Refresh

Statistics -- LAN

Port	Transmitted				Received			
	Bytes	Packets	Error	Discard	Bytes	Packets	Error	Discard
LAN1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LAN2	338243	635	0	0	212803	1220	0	4
LAN3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LAN4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Refresh

WLAN

This displays WLAN statistics.

Port: The name of the WLAN port.

Received: The number of bytes and packets received, and the number of errors and discarded packets on the WLAN port.

Transmitted: The number of bytes and packets sent, and the number of errors and discarded packets on the WLAN port.

Click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Statistics -- WLAN

Port	Received				Transmitted			
	Bytes	Packets	Error	Discard	Bytes	Packets	Error	Discard
SSID-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSID-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSID-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSID-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSID-5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSID-6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSID-7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSID-8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Refresh

ARP

This displays Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) statistics.

IP Address: The IP address used in the ARP lookup.

Flags: The flags returned by the ARP lookup.

HW Address: The MAC address used in the ARP lookup.

Device: The interface used in the ARP lookup.

Click **Clear** to clear the ARP statistics and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

ARP

IP Address	Flags	HW Address	Device
10.0.0.3	Complete	68:f7:28:5c:23:39	br0

Clear

Refresh

Route

This page will show you the current router for the router.

Destination: The Destination route address

Gateway: Gateway to the Destination route

Subnet Mask: Subnet for the Destination router

Flag: Flag for the rule.

Metric: Metric for the route

Name: Wan Connection used for the Route

Interface: Interface type for the route

ROUTE INFO

Flags: U - up, ! - reject, G - gateway, H - host, R - reinstate ,D - dynamic (redirect), M - modified (redirect).

Destination	Gateway	Subnet Mask	Flag	Metric	Name	Interface
0.0.0.0	10.150.20.42	0.0.0.0	UG	1	LTE	ip_3_1_1
10.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0		br0
10.150.20.40	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.252	U	0	LTE	ip_3_1_1
192.168.253.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0		br1

Refresh

VoIP

Voice Status

The VoIP menu is used to display voice status information from the router.

Line: The name of the VoIP line.

Voice Register Status: The status of the VoIP line.

Coding Type: The coding types supported by the VoIP line.

Tel: The telephone number associated with the VoIP line.

Call State: The call state of the VoIP line.

Call Waiting Status: The call waiting status of the VoIP line.

Conference Calling Status: The conference calling status of the VoIP line.

Voice Status

Line	Voice Register Status	Coding Type	Tel	Call State	Call Waiting Status	Conference Calling Status
Line1	Disabled	G729 G711A		Idle	Idle	Idle

Click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Basic Setup

WAN Service

This page displays WAN Service information.

WAN Name: The name of the WAN connection profile. This can be **DHCP_WAN_ETH**, or **PPPoE_WAN_ETH, LTE**.

Interface: The mode of the connection type. This can be, **ETH** or **USB**.

Mode: This is the mode that the DWR-957M will operate in. This can be **DHCP, Static, PPPoE, Bridge** or **Con-Bridge**.

IP Protocol Type: The IP protocol version used by the WAN connection. This can be **IPv4, IPv6** or **IPv4&6**.

Service Type: The service type for the WAN connection. This can be **INTERNET, TR069, TR069_INTERNET, VOIP, INTERNET_VOIP, TR069_VOIP, TR069_INTERNET_VOIP**, or **Other**.

Edit/Delete: Click Edit to edit the current service profile. Press Delete to delete.

Set New WAN

Interface: The interface of the connection type. This can be, **ETH** or **3G/4G**. Ethernet (**ETH**) is used for direct WAN connections to a fibre ONT. Select **3G/4G** for use with a SIM card in the device, contact your ISP to find out which connection type you should use. Choosing one of these options displays other options on the page, and each of these is documented below.

Mode: This can be DHCP, Static, PPPoE, Bridge, or Con-bridge.

Click **Create** to set new WAN. Click **Refresh** to update the list.

WAN ServiceInfo

WAN Name	Interface	Mode	IP Protocol Type	Service Type	Edit/Delete	
DHCP_WAN_ETH	ETH	DHCP	IPv4	TR069_INTERNET_VOIP	Edit	Delete
PPPoE_WAN_ETH	ETH	PPPoE	IPv4	TR069_INTERNET_VOIP	Edit	Delete
LTE	USB	DHCP	IPv4	TR069_INTERNET_VOIP	Edit	Delete

Set New WAN

Interface:

Mode:

Create **Refresh**

Interface: ETH

Mode: DHCP

Connection Name: Assign a name for the connection here.

Enable: Tick this to enable this connection.

MTU: The Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) of the WAN connection.

This is set to 1492 bytes by default.

IP Protocol Type: The IP protocol version used by the WAN connection.

This can be **IPv4**, **IPv6** or **IPv4&6**. Choosing one of these options displays other options on the page, and each of these is documented below.

NAT: Enable or disable Network Address Translation (NAT) on the WAN connection.

Tick this to enable NAT.

Firewall: Whether to enable or disable packet filtering. Tick this to enable packet filtering. This feature is ticked by default.

IPv4 Static DNS: Whether to enable or disable static DNS entries. Tick this to enter static DNS entries, or un-tick it assign the DNS servers using DHCP.

Ticking the box displays other options on the page, and these are documented below.

MAC Address Override:

Whether to enable or disable MAC address override on the WAN connection.

Choosing this option displays other options on the page, and each of these is documented below.

Enable VLAN: Whether to enable or disable VLAN settings on the WAN connection.

Choosing this option displays other options on the page, and each of these is documented below.

Service Type: The service type for the WAN connection. This can be **INTERNET**, **TR069**, **TR069_INTERNET**, **VOIP**, **INTERNET_VOIP**, **TR069_VOIP**, **TR069_INTERNET_VOIP**, or **Other**. Choosing the **INTERNET**, **TR069_INTERNET**, **INTERNET_VOIP**, or **TR069_INTERNET_VOIP** option displays other options on the page, and each of these is documented below.

WAN Service

Connection Name:

DHCP_WAN_ETH

Enable:

MTU:

1500

IP Protocol Type:

IPv4 ▾

NAT:

Firewall:

IPv4 Static DNS:

MAC Address Override:

Enable VLAN:

Service Type:

TR069_INTERNET_VOIP ▾

Click **Advanced Settings** to reveal more settings.

Mode: DHCP (Advanced Settings)

DHCP Option 60 Setting: Whether to enable or disable DHCP Option 60 when receiving DHCP information on the WAN connection. Choosing this option displays other options on the page, and each of these is documented below.

DHCP Option 66: Whether to enable or disable DHCP Option 66 when receiving DHCP information on the WAN connection. Tick this to enable the DHCP Option 66.

DHCP Option 120: Whether to enable or disable DHCP Option 120 when receiving DHCP information on the WAN connection.

Tick this to enable the DHCP Option 120.

Bound Ports: These are the ports that are bound and that can share the same service type. Tick the LAN or SSID ports to bind these ports.

Note: A greyed-out port means it has been bound.

Click **Apply** to save your settings. Click **Back** to cancel and return to the previous screen. Click **Refresh** to update the current screen.

Advanced Settings

DHCP Option 60 Setting:

DHCP Option 66:

DHCP Option 120:

Bound Ports: LAN1 LAN2 LAN3 LAN4

SSID1 SSID2 SSID3 SSID4

SSID5 SSID6 SSID7 SSID8

A grey out port means it has been bound.

Apply

Back

Refresh

Interface: ETH

Mode: Static

Connection Name: Assign a name for the connection here.

Enable: Tick this to enable this connection.

MTU: The Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) of the WAN connection.

This is set to 1492 bytes by default.

IP Protocol Type: The IP protocol version used by the WAN connection.

This can be **IPv4**, **IPv6** or **IPv4&6**.

Choosing one of these options displays other options on the page, and each of these is documented below.

NAT: Enable or disable Network Address Translation (NAT) on the WAN connection.

Tick this to enable NAT.

Firewall: Whether to enable or disable packet filtering. Tick this to enable packet filtering. This feature is ticked by default.

IPv4 Static DNS: Whether to enable or disable static DNS entries. Tick this to enter static DNS entries, or un-tick it assigns the DNS servers using DHCP.

Ticking the box displays other options on the page, these are documented below.

MAC Address Override: Whether to enable or disable MAC address_override on the WAN connection. Choosing this option displays other options on the page, and each of these is documented below.

Enable VLAN: Whether to enable or disable VLAN settings on the WAN connection.

Choosing this option displays other options on the page, and each of these is documented below.

WAN Service

Connection Name:	<input type="text" value="STATIC_WAN_ETH"/>
Enable:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
MTU:	<input type="text" value="1492"/>
IP Protocol Type:	<input type="text" value="IPv4"/> ▾
NAT:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Firewall:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
IP Address:	<input type="text" value="192.168.0.2"/>
Subnet Mask:	<input type="text" value="255.255.225.0"/>
Default Gateway:	<input type="text" value="192.168.0.1"/>
IPv4 Static DNS:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Primary DNS Server:	<input type="text" value="192.168.0.1"/>
Secondary DNS Server:	<input type="text" value="192.168.0.1"/>
MAC Address Override:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Enable VLAN:	<input type="checkbox"/>

Service Type: The service type for the WAN connection.

This can be **INTERNET**, **TR069**, **TR069_INTERNET**, **VOIP**, **INTERNET_VOIP**, **TR069_VOIP**, **TR069_INTERNET_VOIP**, or **Other**.

Choosing the **INTERNET**, **TR069_INTERNET**, **INTERNET_VOIP**, or **TR069_INTERNET_VOIP** option displays other options on the page, and each of these is documented below.

Click **Advanced Settings** to reveal more settings

Mode: Static (Advanced Settings)

Bound Ports: These are the ports that are bound and that can share the same service type. Tick the LAN or SSID ports to bind these ports.

Note: A greyed-out port means it has been bound.

Click **Apply** to save your settings. Click **Back** to cancel and return to the previous screen. Click **Refresh** to update the current screen.

Service Type:

TR069_INTERNET_VOIP ▼

Advanced Settings

Bound Ports:

LAN1 LAN2 LAN3 LAN4

SSID1 SSID2 SSID3 SSID4

SSID5 SSID6 SSID7 SSID8

A grey out port means it has been bound.

Apply

Back

Refresh

Interface: ETH

Mode: PPPoE

Connection Name: Assign a name for the connection here.

Enable: Tick this to enable this connection.

MTU: The Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) of the WAN connection. This is set to 1492 bytes by default.

IP Protocol Type: The IP protocol version used by the WAN connection. This can be **IPv4**, **IPv6** or **IPv4&6**. Choosing one of these options displays other options on the page, and each of these is documented below.

NAT: Enable or disable Network Address Translation (NAT) on the WAN connection. Tick this to enable NAT.

Firewall: Whether to enable or disable packet filtering. Tick this to enable packet filtering. This feature is ticked by default

IPv4 Static DNS: Whether to enable or disable static DNS entries. Tick this to enter static DNS entries, or un-tick it assign the DNS servers using DHCP.

Ticking the box displays other options on the page, and these are documented below.

PPPoE Type: The PPPoE type for the WAN connection.

This can be **Normal PPPoE** or **PPPoE Proxy**.

Choosing the **PPPoE Proxy** option displays other options on the page, and each of these is documented below.

Servicename: The name of the PPPoE service on the router. This is used for reference only.

User Name: The username used to connect to the PPPoE session.

This should be supplied to you by your ISP.

Password: The password used to connect to the PPPoE session.

This should be supplied to you by your ISP.

WAN Service

Connection Name:	<input type="text" value="PPPoE_WAN_ETH"/>
Enable:	<input type="checkbox"/>
MTU:	<input type="text" value="1492"/>
IP Protocol Type:	<input style="border: none; background-color: #f0f0f0; padding: 2px 5px; border: 1px solid #ccc;" type="text" value="IPv4"/> ▾
NAT:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Firewall:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
IPv4 Static DNS:	<input type="checkbox"/>
PPPoE Type:	<input style="border: none; background-color: #f0f0f0; padding: 2px 5px; border: 1px solid #ccc;" type="text" value="Normal PPPoE"/> ▾
Servicename:	<input type="text"/>
User Name:	<input type="text" value="guest@telkomsa.net"/>
Password:	<input type="password" value="....."/>

Authentication Type: The authentication type for the WAN connection.

This can be **AUTO**, **PAP** or **CHAP**. This should be supplied to you by your ISP.

Dial Mode: This is the method that is used to connect to the PPPoE session. This can be **Automatically**, **Dial on Demand** and **Manual connect**. Choosing the **Automatically** and **Dial on Demand** options display other options on the page, and each of these is documented below.

Keep Alive Time: This is the interval at which to send keepalives on the PPPoE connection. This can be from **10** to **30** seconds. The default is 10.

Keep Alive Max Fail: The number of keepalives that can be missed before the connection is deemed to be inactive. This can be from **1** to **100**. The default is 5.

MAC Address Override: Whether to enable or disable MAC address override on the WAN connection. Choosing this option displays other options on the page, and each of these is documented below.

Enable VLAN: Whether to enable or disable VLAN settings on the WAN connection.

Choosing this option displays other options on the page, and each of these is documented below.

Authentication Type:	<input type="text" value="AUTO"/>
Dial Mode:	<input type="text" value="Automatically"/>
Keep Alive Time:	<input type="text" value="30"/> (10-30)s
Keep Alive Max Fail:	<input type="text" value="5"/> (1-100)
MAC Address Override:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Enable VLAN:	<input type="checkbox"/>

Service Type: The service type for the WAN connection. This can be

INTERNET, **TR069**, **TR069_INTERNET**, **VOIP**, **INTERNET_VOIP**, **TR069_VOIP**, **TR069_INTERNET_VOIP**, or **Other**.

Choosing the **INTERNET**, **TR069_INTERNET**, **INTERNET_VOIP**, or **TR069_INTERNET_VOIP** option displays other options on the page, and each of these is documented below.

Service Type:	<input type="text" value="TR069_INTERNET_VOIP"/>
---------------	--

Click [Advanced Settings](#) to reveal more settings.

Mode: PPPoE (Advanced Settings)

Limit Retry Time: Whether or not to limit the retry time on a failed PPPoE connection. Ticking the box displays other options on the page, and these are documented below.

PPPoE Passthrough: Whether to enable or disable PPPoE passthrough. This allows a PPPoE-enabled device connected to the DWR-957M to connect to the PPPoE session supplied by the ISP. Tick this to enable PPPoE passthrough.

Enable Dual Lan: Whether to enable or disable the dual LAN feature. Tick this to enable dual LAN.

Ticking the box displays other options on the page, and these are documented below.

Bound Ports: These are the ports that are bound and that can share the same service type.

Note: A greyed-out port means it has been bound.

Click **Apply** to save your settings. Click **Back** to cancel and return to the previous screen.

Click **Refresh** to update the current screen.

Interface: ETH

Mode: Bridge

Connection Name: Assign a name for the connection here.

Enable: Tick this to enable this connection, and un-tick it to disable it.

IP Protocol Type: The IP protocol version used by the WAN connection. This can be **IPv4**, **IPv6** or **IPv4&6**. Choosing one of these options displays other options on the page, and each of these is documented below.

Enable VLAN: Whether to enable or disable VLAN settings on the WAN connection.

Choosing this option displays other options on the page, and each of these is documented below.

Service Type: The service type for the WAN connection. This can be

Advanced Settings

Limit Retry Time: (Limit Retry Time of PPP password on authentication error)

PPPoEPassThrough:

Enable Dual Lan:

Bound Ports: LAN1 LAN2 LAN3 LAN4

SSID1 SSID2 SSID3 SSID4

SSID5 SSID6 SSID7 SSID8

A grey out port means it has been bound.

Apply Back Refresh

WAN Service

Connection Name: BRIDGE_WAN_ETH

Enable:

IP Protocol Type: IPv4

Enable VLAN:

Service Type: INTERNET

INTERNET, TR069, TR069_INTERNET, VOIP, INTERNET_VOIP, TR069_VOIP, TR069_INTERNET_VOIP, or Other.

Choosing the **INTERNET, TR069_INTERNET, INTERNET_VOIP,** or **TR069_INTERNET_VOIP** option displays other options on the page, and each of these is documented below.

Click **Advanced Settings** to reveal more settings.

Mode: Bridge (Advanced Settings)

VLAN PassThrough: Whether to enable or disable passing VLANs through from the WAN connection.

Tick this to enable VLAN pass through. This is un-ticked by default.

DHCP Transparent: Whether to enable or disable passing DHCP information through from the WAN connection. Tick this to enable DHCP transparent. This is un-ticked by default.

Bound Ports: These are the ports that are bound and that can share the same service type.

Tick the LAN or SSID ports to bind these ports.

Note: A greyed-out port means it has been bound.

Click **Apply** to save your settings. Click Back to **cancel** and return to the previous screen.

Click **Refresh** to update the current screen.

Advanced Settings

VLAN PassThrough:

DHCP Transparent:

Bound Ports: LAN1 LAN2 LAN3 LAN4

SSID1 SSID2 SSID3 SSID4

SSID5 SSID6 SSID7 SSID8

A grey out port means it has been bound.

Apply

Back

Refresh

Interface: ETH

Mode: Con-bridge

Connection Name: Assign a name for the connection here.

Enable: Tick this to enable this connection.

Enable VLAN: Whether to enable or disable VLAN settings on the WAN connection.

Choosing this option displays other options on the page, and each of these is documented below.

Service Type: The service type for the WAN connection. This can be **TR069** or **VOIP**.

Click **Advanced Settings** to reveal more settings.

Mode: Con-bridge (Advanced Settings)

VLAN PassThrough:

Whether to enable or disable passing VLANs through from the WAN connection.

Tick this to enable VLAN pass through. This is un-ticked by default.

Bound Ports: These are the ports that are bound and that can share the same service type. Tick the LAN or SSID ports to bind these ports.

Note: A greyed-out port means it has been bound.

Click **Apply** to save your settings. Click **Back** to cancel and return to the previous screen.

Click **Refresh** to update the current screen.

WAN Service

Connection Name:

Enable:

Enable VLAN:

Service Type:

 ▼

Advanced Settings

VLAN PassThrough:

Bound Ports:

LAN1 LAN2 LAN3 LAN4

SSID1 SSID2 SSID3 SSID4

SSID5 SSID6 SSID7 SSID8

A grey out port means it has been bound.

Apply

Back

Refresh

Interface: 3G/4G

Mode: Dhcp

Connection Name: Assign a name for the connection here.

Enable: Tick this to enable this connection.

MTU: The Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) of the WAN connection.

This is set to 1500 bytes by default.

IP Protocol Type: The IP protocol version used by the WAN connection.

This can be **IPv4**, **IPv6** or **IPv4&6**.

Choosing one of these options displays other options on the page, and each of these is documented below.

NAT: Enable or disable Network Address Translation (NAT) on the WAN connection.

Tick this to enable NAT.

Firewall: Whether to enable or disable packet filtering. Tick this to enable packet filtering. The default is ticked.

IPv4 Static DNS: Whether to enable or disable static DNS entries. Tick this to enter static DNS entries. Ticking the box displays other options on the page, and these are documented below.

MAC Address Override:

Whether to enable or disable MAC address override on the WAN connection.

Choosing this option displays other options on the page, and each of these are documented below.

Enable VLAN: Whether to enable or disable VLAN settings on the WAN connection.

Choosing this option displays other options on the page, and each of these is documented below.

Service Type: The service type for the WAN connection. This can be **INTERNET**, **TR069**, **TR069_INTERNET**, **VOIP**, **INTERNET_VOIP**, **TR069_VOIP**, **TR069_INTERNET_VOIP**, or **Other**. Choosing the **INTERNET**, **TR069_INTERNET**, **INTERNET_VOIP**, or **TR069_INTERNET_VOIP** option displays other options on the page, and each of these is documented below.

WAN Service

Connection Name:	<input type="text" value="LTE"/>
Enable:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
MTU:	<input type="text" value="1500"/>
IP Protocol Type:	<input type="text" value="IPv4"/> ▼
NAT:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Firewall:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
IPv4 Static DNS:	<input type="checkbox"/>
MAC Address Override:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Enable VLAN:	<input type="checkbox"/>

Click Advanced Settings to reveal more settings.

Pin: Enter the pin code for the sim card if enabled

APN: Select APN for your mobile provider

Dial Number: default is set to *99#

Dial UserName: Enter username if required by ISP

Dial Password: Enter the password provided by your ISP

Network: Select your mobile network connection, default is set to Auto

DHCP Option 60 Setting:

Whether to enable or disable DHCP Option 60 when receiving DHCP information on the WAN connection. Choosing this option displays other options on the page, and each of these is documented below.

DHCP Option 66: Whether to enable or disable DHCP Option 66 when receiving DHCP information on the WAN connection. Tick this to enable the DHCP Option 66, and un-tick it to disable it.

DHCP Option 120: Whether to enable or disable DHCP Option 120 when receiving DHCP information on the WAN connection. Tick this to enable the DHCP Option 120, and un-tick it to disable it.

Bound Ports: These are the ports that are bound and that can share the same service type. Tick the LAN or SSID ports to bind these ports, or un-tick them to un-bind the ports.

Note: A greyed-out port means it has been bound.

Click **Apply** to save your settings. Click **Back** to cancel and return to the previous screen. Click **Refresh** to update the current screen.

Service Type: TR069_INTERNET_VOIP ▼

Advanced Settings

PIN:

APN: TelkomInternet ▼

DialNumber: *99#

Dial UserName: any

Dial Password: any

NetWork: Auto ▼

DHCP Option 60 Setting:

DHCP Option 66:

DHCP Option 120:

Bound Ports: LAN1 LAN2 LAN3 LAN4

SSID1 SSID2 SSID3 SSID4

SSID5 SSID6 SSID7 SSID8

A grey out port means it has been bound.

Apply

Back

Refresh

LAN

IPv4 Configuration

The LAN menu is used to set IPv4/v6 Local Area Network settings on the DWR-957M. This allows you to set the IP address settings and DHCP options for IPv4.

IPv4 Configuration

IP Address: The IP address of the router.

Subnet Mask: The subnet mask of the router IP address.

Primary DNS Server: The primary DNS server for the router and for the DHCP clients.

Secondary DNS Server: The secondary DNS server for the router and for the DHCP clients.

Domain Name: The domain name for the router.

Disable DHCP: If Disable DHCP is selected, then the internal DHCP server will not be active on the local LAN.

Enable DHCP Relay: Selected

Enable DHCP Server: Selected

Relay IP: The DHCP relay IP address to forward DHCP requests to from the local LAN.

Start (PC): The start IP address of the DHCP pool. This will be the first address that can be assigned to a PC.

End (PC): The end IP address of the DHCP pool. This will be the last address that can be assigned to a PC.

Lease Time: The amount of time that a DHCP client will retain their IP address, before having to request a new one. The default is 86400 seconds (1 day).

IPv4 Configuration

IP Address:	<input type="text" value="10.0.0.2"/>
Subnet Mask:	<input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/>
Primary DNS Server:	<input type="text" value="10.0.0.2"/>
Secondary DNS Server:	<input type="text"/>
Domain Name:	<input type="text" value="localhost"/>

Disable DHCP Enable DHCP Relay Enable DHCP Server

Relay IP:	<input type="text" value="192.168.0.200"/>
Start(PC):	<input type="text" value="10.0.0.3"/>
End(PC):	<input type="text" value="10.0.0.254"/>
Lease Time:	<input type="text" value="1440"/> (minutes)
	<input type="button" value="Edit Reserved IP Address"/>

Lan Port Map: LAN1 LAN2 LAN3 LAN4
 SSID1 SSID2 SSID3 SSID4
 SSID5 SSID6 SSID7 SSID8

Reserved IP Address Settings

This allows you to reserve IP addresses in the DHCP scope for IPv4.

Reserved IP Address Settings

MAC Address: The mac address of the machine you want to reserve the IP for.

IP Address: The IP address to receive with the mac address.

Description: Enter a description for the rule.

Click **Back** to go back to the previous page, click **Add** to add the reserved IP address to the Reserved IP Addresses List, and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Reserved IP Address Settings

MAC Address:

IP Address:

Description:

Reserved IP Addresses List

Number	MAC Address	IP Address	Description	Action
No Rule Found!				

IPv6 Configuration

This allows you to set the IP address settings and DHCP options for IPv6.

RA Period Settings

Max Period: The maximum period between Router Advertisement (RA) messages.

The default is 15 seconds.

Min Period: The minimum period between Router Advertisement (RA) messages.

The default is 10 seconds.

M/O Flag Settings

M/O Flag Mode: The mode for the Managed Address Configuration Flag (M Flag) and the Other Stateful Configuration Flag (O Flag). This can be **Auto** or **Manual**. The default is **Auto**.

M Flag: Whether to enable or disable the the Managed Address Configuration Flag (M Flag). This is only available when M/O Flag Mode is set to Manual. Set this to **1** to enable the M Flag, and set it to **0** to disable it.

O Flag: Whether to enable or disable the the Other Stateful Configuration Flag (O Flag). This is only available when M/O Flag Mode is set to Manual. Set this to **1** to enable the O Flag, and set it to **0** to disable it.

DHCPv6 Server: Whether to enable or disable the DHCPv6 server. Tick this to enable the DHCPv6 server, or un-tick it to disable it. This default is ticked.

Unique Local Prefix: Whether to use a Unique Local Prefix for the private network. Tick this to enable the Unique Local Prefix. This default is ticked.

Unique Local GlobalID: The Unique Local Global ID to use on the private network. This is 40-bit number and is globally unique. The default is: 11:22:33:44:55.

Prefix: The method through which to assign a network prefix to clients on the LAN. This can be **Prefix Delegation** or **Static**. If Static is chosen then a prefix and prefix mask can be entered.

LAN Address Mode: The method through which to assign IP addresses to clients on the LAN. This can be **SLAAC** or **DHCPv6**.

LAN DNS Mode: The method through which to assign DNS information to clients on the LAN. This can be **Obtain From WAN**, **DNS Proxy** or **Static**.

DNS: The static DNS server to assign to IPv6 clients.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

IPv6 Configuration

RA Period Settings

Max Period: (Seconds)

Min Period: (Seconds)

M/O Flag Settings

M/O Flag Mode:

M Flag:

O Flag:

DHCPv6 Server: Enable

Unique Local Prefix: Enable

Unique Local GlobalID:

Prefix Delegation Static

Prefix: /

LAN Address Mode: SLAAC

DHCPv6

LAN DNS Mode: Obtain From WAN

DNS Proxy

Static

DNS:

Wireless

Wireless Basic Configuration 2.4GHz

The Wireless menu is used to set 2.4 Ghz, 5 Ghz, and wireless security settings on the DWR-957M. This allows you to set the wireless network settings for the 2.4 GHz band.

Wireless Basic Configuration 2.4GHz

Enable Wireless: Whether to use enable or disable the 2.4GHz Wi-Fi. Tick this to enable. This default is ticked.

Choose SSID: The SSID that you wish to modify. This can be from SSID1 to SSID4.

Enable SSID: Whether to use enable or disable the SSID. Tick this to enable the SSID. This default is ticked.

Enable Isolation: Whether to enable or disable station isolation. This prevents wireless clients on the same SSID from communicating with each other. Tick this to enable isolation. This default is un-ticked.

Hide SSID: Whether to hide or broadcast the SSID. Tick this to hide the SSID. This default is un-ticked.

SSID: The SSID name. Enter the name of the SSID as you want to be displayed in the router web interface and to clients.

BSSID: The Basic Service Set Identifier (BSSID) of the router. This is the MAC address of the wireless interface.

Wireless Basic Configuration 2.4GHz

Enable Wireless:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Choose SSID:	SSID1 ▾
Enable SSID:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Enable Isolation:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Hide SSID:	<input type="checkbox"/>
SSID:	dlink-956M-2.4G-95e3
Maximum Clients:	32
BSSID:	EC:AD:E0:50:95:E4

Apply

Refresh

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Wireless Basic Configuration 5GHz

This allows you to set the wireless network settings for the 5 GHz band.

Wireless Basic Configuration 5GHz

Enable Wireless: Whether to use enable or disable the 2.4GHz Wi-Fi. Tick this to enable wireless. This default is ticked.

Choose SSID: The SSID that you wish to modify. This can be from SSID5 to SSID8.

Enable SSID: Whether to use enable or disable the SSID. Tick this to enable the SSID. This default is ticked.

Enable Isolation: Whether to use enable or disable station isolation. This prevents wireless clients on the same SSID from communicating with each other.

Tick this to enable. This default is un-ticked.

Hide SSID: Whether to hide or broadcast the SSID. Tick this to hide the SSID. This default is un-ticked.

SSID: The SSID name. Enter the name of the SSID as you want it to be displayed in the router web interface and to clients.

Maximum Clients: The maximum clients that can join the wireless network. The default is 32.

BSSID: The Basic Service Set Identifier (BSSID) of the router. This is the MAC address of the wireless interface.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Wireless Basic Configuration 5GHz

Enable Wireless:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Choose SSID:	SSID5 ▼
Enable SSID:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Enable Isolation:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Hide SSID:	<input type="checkbox"/>
SSID:	dlink-956M-5.8G-95e3
Maximum Clients:	32
BSSID:	EC:AD:E0:50:95:E5

Apply Refresh

Wireless Security Setting

This allows you to set the security settings for the wireless network.

Wireless Security Setting

Choose SSID: The SSID that you wish to modify. This can be from SSID1 to SSID8. SSID 1-4 is for 2.4GHz and SSID 5-8 is for 5GHz.

Authentication: The authentication type to use with the SSID.

This can be **None**, **WEP**, **WPA-PSK**, **WPA2-PSK**, **WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK MIXED**, or **802.1X**.

Choosing the **WEP**, **WPA-PSK**, **WPA2-PSK**, **WPA-PSK/ WPA2-PSK MIXED**, or **802.1X** option displays other options on the page, and these are documented below.

WPA Preshare key: This is the pre-shared key that clients authenticating with WPA will need to supply in order to connect to the SSID.

Encryption Mode: The encryption mode for the SSID. This can be **AES**, **TKIP** or **TKIP+AES**.

Authentication: WEP Encryption Mode: The encryption mode for the SSID. This can be **Open**, **Share**, or **Both**.

Encryption Length: The length of the encryption key for the SSID.

This can be **4 bits (10 hex digits)** or **128 bits (26 hex digits)**.

Key Index: The default key to use for authentication. The keys are numbered **1** to **4** and are listed below.

Key1: Authentication key 1. The SSID simultaneously supports up to 4 keys.

Key2: Authentication key 2. The SSID simultaneously supports up to 4 keys.

Key3: Authentication key 3. The SSID simultaneously supports up to 4 keys.

Key4: Authentication key 4. The SSID simultaneously supports up to 4 keys.

Authentication: 802.1X

Radius Server Address: The RADIUS server IP address to use for authentication.

Radius Server Port: The RADIUS server port to use for authentication.

Radius Server Key: The RADIUS server key to use for authentication.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Choose SSID:

Authentication:

WPA Preshare key:

Encryption Mode:

Authentication:

Encryption Mode:

Encryption Length:

Key Index:

Key1:

Key2:

Key3:

Key4:

Choose SSID:

Authentication:

Radius Server Address

Radius Server Port

Radius Server Key

Advanced Setup

WAN

WAN - Ethernet Mode Configuration

This allows you to set Ethernet settings for the WAN connection.

Port: The port name. This will usually be set to **ETH** (Ethernet).

Status: The status of the port. This will be **Up** if the link is up, or **Down** if the link is down or disconnected.

Speed: The speed of the port. This can be **Auto**, **10Mbps/s**, **100Mbps/s**, or **1000Mbps/s**.

Duplex: The duplex of the port. This can be Auto, Half Duplex or Full Duplex. The duplex depends on the speed chosen.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

WAN - Ethernet Mode Configuration

Port	Status	Speed	Duplex
ETH	Up	Auto	Auto

LAN

The WAN menu is used to set advanced LAN settings on the DWR-957M.

LAN - Ethernet Mode Configuration

This allows you to set Ethernet settings for the LAN connections.

Port: The port name. This will usually be set to **LAN1** to **LAN4**.

Status: The status of the port. This will be **Up** if the link is up, or **Down** if the link is down or disconnected.

Speed: The speed of the port. This can be **Auto**, **10Mbps/s**, **100Mbps/s**, Or **1000Mbps/s**.

Duplex: The duplex of the port. This can be Auto, Half Duplex or Full Duplex. The duplex depends on the speed chosen.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

LAN - Ethernet Mode Configuration

Port	Status	Speed	Duplex
LAN1	Down	Auto	Auto
LAN2	Down	Auto	Auto
LAN3	Up	Auto	Auto
LAN4	Down	Auto	Auto

Wireless

The WAN menu is used to set advanced wireless settings on the DWR-957M.

Wireless Advanced Configuration 2.4GHz

This allows you to set wireless settings for the 2.4 GHz wireless band.

Wireless Advanced Configuration 2.4GHz

Mode: The wireless mode. This can be **802.11b**, **802.11g**, **802.11b/g**, **802.11n**, **802.11n/g**, or **802.11b/g/n**.

Choosing the **802.11n**, **802.11n/g**, **802.11b/g/n** option displays other options on the page, and these are documented below.

Rate: The rate at which to transmit and receive on. This can be **Auto**, **1 Mbps**, **2 Mbps**, **5.5 Mbps**, **11 Mbps**, **6 Mbps**, **9 Mbps**, **12 Mbps**, **18 Mbps**, **24 Mbps**, **36 Mbps**, **48 Mbps**, **54 Mbps**, **MCS0**, **MCS1**, **MCS2**, **MCS3**, **MCS4**, **MCS5**, **MCS6**, **MCS7**, **MCS8**, **MCS9**, **MCS10**, **MCS11**, **MCS12**, **MCS13**, **MCS14**, or **MCS15**. The default is **Auto**.

Rx Chain Power Save: The RX Chain Power Save feature turns one of the receive chains off to save power.

TX Power: The transmit power of the wireless radio.

This can be **100%**, **80%**, **50%**, **30%**, or **10%**. The default is **100%**.

Choose Country: Default is set to ZA

Channel: The channel to operate on. This can be **Auto**, **1**, **2**, **3**, **4**, **5**, **6**, **7**, **8**, **9**, **10**, **11**, **12**, or **13**. The default is **Auto**.

Current Channel: This displays the current channel that the wireless radio is operating on.

Auto Channel Timer: Specifies the time interval (in hours) of auto channelling.

Wireless Advanced Configuration 2.4GHz

Mode:	<input type="text" value="802.11b/g/n"/>
Bandwidth:	<input type="text" value="20/40"/> MHz
OBSS Coexistence:	<input type="text" value="Enable"/>
Rate:	<input type="text" value="Auto"/>
Rx Chain Power Save:	<input type="text" value="Disable"/>
TX Power:	<input type="text" value="100%"/>
Choose Country:	<input type="text" value="ZA"/>
Channel:	<input type="text" value="Auto"/>
Current Channel:	12
Auto Channel Timer:	<input type="text" value="1"/> Hour

Beacon Interval: The interval between SSID beacon broadcasts. The default is 100.

RTS Threshold: The Request To Send (RTS) packet size threshold. The default is 2347.

Fragment Threshold: The maximum packet size a client can send. The default is 2346.

DTIM Interval: The interval between Delivery Traffic Indication Messages (DTIM).

The default is 1.

Short GI(Guard Interval): Whether to enable or disable the short Guard Interval (GI).

Tick this to enable the short GI. The default is ticked.

WMM: Whether to enable or disable Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM). Tick this to enable WMM.

The default is un-ticked.

WMM APSD: Whether to enable or disable WMM Automatic Power Save Delivery (APSD).

Tick this to enable WMM. The default is un-ticked.

Mode: **802.11n**, **802.11n/g**, **802.11b/g/n**

Bandwidth: The size of the frequency ranges to transmit and receive on.

This can be **20 MHz**, **40 MHz**, or **20/40 MHz**. The default is **20/40 MHz**.

Beacon Interval:	<input type="text" value="100"/>
RTS Threshold:	<input type="text" value="2347"/>
Fragment Threshold:	<input type="text" value="2346"/>
DTIM Interval:	<input type="text" value="1"/>
Short GI(Guard Interval):	<input type="checkbox"/>
WMM:	<input type="checkbox"/>
WMM APSD:	<input type="checkbox"/>

Apply

Refresh

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Wireless Advanced Configuration 5GHz

This allows you to set wireless settings for the 5 GHz wireless band.

Wireless Advanced Configuration 5GHz

Mode: The wireless mode. This can be **802.11a/n/ac**, **802.11ac**, **802.11n**, or **802.11a**.

Choosing the **802.11a/n/ac**, **802.11ac**, or **802.11n** option displays other options on the page, and these are documented below.

Rate: The rate at which to transmit and receive on. This can be **Auto**, **MCS0**, **MCS1**, **MCS2**, **MCS3**, **MCS4**, **MCS5**, **MCS6**, **MCS7**, **MCS8**, **MCS9**, **MCS10**, **MCS11**, **MCS12**, **MCS13**, **MCS14**, **MCS15**, or **MCS32**. The default is **Auto**.

Rx Chain Power Save: The RX Chain Power Save feature turns one of the receive chains off to save power.

TX Power: The transmit power of the wireless radio. This can be **100%**, **80%**, **50%**, **30%**, or **10%**. The default is **100%**.

Choose Country: Default is ZA

Channel: The channel to operate on. This can be **Auto**, **52**, **56**, **60**, **64**, **149**, **153**, **157**, **161**, or **165**. The default is **Auto**.

Current Channel: This displays the current channel that the wireless radio is operating on.

Wireless Advanced Configuration 5GHz

Mode:	<input type="text" value="802.11a/n/ac"/>
Bandwidth:	<input type="text" value="80"/> MHz
Rate:	<input type="text" value="Auto"/>
Rx Chain Power Save:	<input type="text" value="Disable"/>
TX Power:	<input type="text" value="100%"/>
Choose Country:	<input type="text" value="ZA"/>
Channel:	<input type="text" value="Auto"/>
Current Channel:	52
Auto Channel Timer:	<input type="text" value="1"/> Hour

Beacon Interval: The interval between SSID beacon broadcasts. The default is 100.

RTS Threshold: The Request To Send (RTS) packet size threshold. The default is 2347.

Fragment Threshold: The maximum size of packet a client can send. The default is 2346.

DTIM Interval: The interval between Delivery Traffic Indication Messages (DTIM).

The default is 1.

Short GI (Guard Interval): Whether to enable or disable the short Guard Interval (GI).

Tick this to enable the short GI. The default is ticked.

WMM: Whether to enable or disable Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM). Tick this to enable WMM. The default is un-ticked.

WMM APSD: Whether to enable or disable WMM Automatic Power Save Delivery (APSD). Tick this to enable WMM. The default is un-ticked.

Mode: **802.11a/n/ac, 802.11ac**

Bandwidth: The size of the frequency range to transmit and receive on.

This can be **20 MHz**, **20/40 MHz**, or **80 MHz**. The default is **80 MHz**.

Mode: **802.11n**

Bandwidth: The size of the frequency range to transmit and receive on.

This can be **20 MHz** or **20/40 MHz**. The default is **20/40 MHz**.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Beacon Interval:	<input type="text" value="100"/>
RTS Threshold:	<input type="text" value="2347"/>
Fragment Threshold:	<input type="text" value="2346"/>
DTIM Interval:	<input type="text" value="1"/>
Short GI(Guard Interval):	<input type="checkbox"/>
WMM:	<input type="checkbox"/>
WMM APSD:	<input type="checkbox"/>

Wireless MAC Filter

Wireless MAC filter will allow you to block or allow certain devices on your WiFi.

Select SSID: Select the SSID you for the rule

MAC Restrict Mode: Allow or Deny. Disabled is selected by default.

To add a Mac Address, click the Add button.

Mac address: Mac address of device you want block or allow

Description: Give the rule a name.

Note: Before selecting Allow or Deny, you will need to add the Mac address first otherwise you will lock yourself out of the Selected SSID.

Wireless -- MAC Filter

Select SSID:

MAC Restrict Mode: Disabled Allow Deny

Wireless -- MAC Filter

Select SSID:

MAC Address:

Description:

WPS Settings 2.4GHz

This allows you to set Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) settings for the 2.4 GHz wireless band.

WPS Settings 2.4GHz

Enable WPS: Whether to enable or disable WPS for the 2.4 GHz wireless band. Tick this to enable WPS. The default is ticked. Choosing this option displays other options on the page, and these are documented below.

Choose AP Role: The WPS AP role. This can be **Registrar** or **Enrollee**. Choose Registrar for the router to act as the WPS server, and choose Enrollee for the router to act as the WPS client. Choosing these options displays other options on the page, and these are documented below.

Press WPS Button: Press the physical WPS button on the router or the PBC button to initiate the WPS procedure.

Input PIN Number: The PIN required to join the wireless network.

Negotiation Status: The status of the WPS process.

Choose AP Role: Enrollee

Current PIN: The PIN required to join the wireless network. Click **Generate New PIN** to generate a new PIN.

Session Status: The status of the WPS process.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

WPS Settings 2.4GHz

Enable WPS:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Choose AP Role:	Registrar ▼
Press WPS Button:	PBC
Input PIN Number:	<input type="text"/> PIN
Negotiation Status:	
<input type="button" value="Apply"/> <input type="button" value="Refresh"/>	

VAP (Virtual Access Point) Information

WPS Status: A status of **Configured** indicates WPS is enabled.

SSID: The name of the SSID.

Authentication Mode: The authentication type to use with the SSID. This can be **None**, **WEP**, **WPA-PSK**, **WPA2-PSK**, **WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK MIXED**, or **802.1X**. Choosing the **WEP**, **WPA-PSK**, **WPA2-PSK**, **WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK MIXED**, or **802.1X** option displays other options on the page, and these are documented below.

Encryption Mode: The encryption mode for the SSID. This can be **AES**, **TKIP** or **TKIP+AES**.

Click **Reset OOB** to reset the Out of Band (OOB) access method for the router.

WPS Settings 5GHz

This allows you to set Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) settings for the 5 GHz wireless band.

WPS Settings 5GHz

Enable WPS: Whether to enable or disable WPS for the 5 GHz wireless band. Tick this to enable WPS. The default is ticked. Choosing this option displays other options on the page, and these are documented below.

Choose AP Role: The WPS AP role. This can be **Registrar** or **Enrollee**. Choose Registrar for the router to act as the WPS server, and choose Enrollee for the router to act as the WPS client. Choosing these options displays other options on the page, and these are documented below.

Choose AP Role: Registrar

Press WPS Button: Press the physical WPS button on the router or the PBC button to initiate the WPS procedure.

Input PIN Number: The PIN required to join the wireless network.

Negotiation Status: The status of the WPS process.

Choose AP Role: Enrollee

Current PIN: The PIN required to join the wireless network. Click **Generate New PIN** to generate a new PIN.

Session Status: The status of the WPS process.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

VAP Information

WPS Status:	Configured
SSID:	dlink-956M-2.4G-95e3
Authentication Mode:	WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK
Encryption Mode:	AES
WPA Key:	abvsp92359

Reset OOB

WPS Settings 5GHz

Enable WPS:

Choose AP Role: Registrar ▼

Press WPS Button: PBC

Input PIN Number: PIN

Negotiation Status:

Apply Refresh

VAP (Virtual Access Point) Information

WPS Status: A status of **Configured** indicates WPS is enabled.

SSID: The name of the SSID.

Authentication Mode: The authentication type to use with the SSID. This can be **None**, **WEP**, **WPA-PSK**, **WPA2-PSK**, **WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK MIXED**, or **802.1X**. Choosing the **WEP**, **WPA-PSK**, **WPA2-PSK**, **WPA-PSK/ WPA2-PSK MIXED**, or **802.1X** option displays other options on the page, and these are documented below.

Encryption Mode: The encryption mode for the SSID. This can be **AES**, **TKIP** or **TKIP+AES**.

Click **Reset OOB** to reset the Out of Band (OOB) access method for the router.

WDS Settings

This allows you to set Wireless Distribution System (WDS) settings for the 2.4GHz and 5 GHz wireless bands.

WDS Settings

Wireless Mode: The wireless mode to enable WDS for. This can be **2.4G** or **5G**.

WDS Mode: The WDS mode. This can be **Disabled**, **Lazy Mode**, **Repeater Mode**, **Bridge Mode**. The default is **Disabled**.

Choosing the **Lazy Mode**, **Repeater Mode**, or **Bridge Mode** option displays other options on the page, and these are documented below.

WDS Mode: Lazy Mode

WDS Security: The WDS security type. This can be **None**, **WEP**, **TKIP** or **AES**.

Choosing the **WEP**, **TKIP** or **AES** option displays other options on the page, and these are documented below.

WDS Mode: Repeater Mode or Bridge Mode

AP1 MAC Address: The MAC address of AP 1 in the WDS.

AP2 MAC Address: The MAC address of AP 2 in the WDS.

AP3 MAC Address: The MAC address of AP 3 in the WDS.

VAP Information

WPS Status:	Configured
SSID:	dlink-956M-5.8G-95e3
Authentication Mode:	WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK
Encryption Mode:	AES
WPA Key:	abvsp92359

Reset OOB

WDS Settings

Wireless Mode: 2.4G

WDS Mode: Disabled

Apply Refresh

Scan

SSID	BSSID	Channel	Signal(%)	Security	Wireless Mode	Action
------	-------	---------	-----------	----------	---------------	--------

Scan

AP4 MAC Address: The MAC address of AP 4 in the WDS.

WDS Security: The WDS security type. This can be **None**, **WEP**, **TKIP** or **AES**.

Choosing the **WEP**, **TKIP** or **AES** option displays other options on the page, and these are documented below.

WDS Key: The wireless key to use with WDS. For WEP, this can be 5 or 13 characters, or for TKIP and AES, it is 8 to 63 characters.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Click **Scan** to scan for wireless APs in the area to join to the WDS.

Channel Information

This allows you to scan the local area for wireless networks.

Click **Scan** to scan for wireless APs in the area.

Scan

SSID	BSSID	Channel	Signal(%)	Security	Wireless Mode
------	-------	---------	-----------	----------	---------------

Scan

NAT

The Network Address Translation (NAT) menu is used to set advanced NAT settings on the DWR-957M.

Virtual Server

This allows you to set up NAT rules on the DWR-957M. Virtual Server WAN Connection: The WAN connection to apply the NAT rules to.

Virtual Server

WAN Connection:

Number	Enable	Description	Remote IP Address	Protocol	External Port	Internal Port	Internal IP Address	NAT Loopback	Action
No Rule Found!									

Click **Add** to add a NAT rule to the WAN connection.

Virtual Server Settings

This allows you to enable and disable NAT rules on the DWR-957M.

Enable: Whether to enable or disable the NAT rule. Tick this to enable the NAT rule. The default is un-ticked.

Description: The description for the NAT rule.

Remote IP Address: The source address for the NAT rule. Leave this blank to accept any addresses.

Network Mask: The network mask for the NAT rule. Leave this blank to accept any network mask.

Protocol: The protocol for the NAT rule. This can be **TCP**, **UDP** or **TCP/UDP**.

External Port: The external port to NAT to/from. This can be a range or a single port.

Internal Port: The internal port to NAT to/from.

Internal IP Address: The internal IP address for the NAT rule.

NAT Loopback: Permits the access of a service via the public IP address from inside the local network. Tick to enable.

Virtual Server Settings

Enable:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Description:	<input type="text"/>
Remote IP Address:	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>
Network Mask:	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>
Protocol:	<input type="text" value="TCP"/>
External Port:	<input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/>
Internal Port:	<input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/>
Internal IP Address:	<input type="text"/>
NAT Loopback:	<input type="checkbox"/>

Back

Apply

Refresh

Click **Back** to go back to the previous page, click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Port Triggering

This allows you to set up port triggering rules on the DWR-957M.

Port Triggering WAN Connection: The WAN connection to apply the port triggering rules to.

Port Triggering

WAN Connection: DHCP_WAN_ETH ▼ Add

Number	Name	Interface	Protocol	Start Port	End Port	Open Start Port	Open End Port	Enable	Action
No Rule Found!									

Click **Add** to add a port triggering rule to the WAN connection.

Port Triggering Setting

This allows you to set up automatic port triggering rules on the DWR-957M.

Enable: Whether to enable or disable the port triggering rule. Tick this to enable the port triggering rule. The default is un-ticked.

Triggering Type: The port triggering type. Choose **Customization** to enter custom ports, or choose **Application** to use pre-set ports for an application. Choose the pre-set application from the **Choose...** drop-down menu.

Protocol: The protocol for the port triggering rule. This can be **TCP**, **UDP** or **TCP/UDP**.

Name: The name for the port triggering rule.

Start Port: The start port for the port triggering rule.

End Port: The end port for the port triggering rule.

Open Start Port: The start port to open for the port triggering rule.

Open End Port: The end port to open for the port triggering rule.

Click **Back** to go back to the previous page, click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Port Triggering Setting

Enable:

Triggering Type: Customization Application Choose... ▼

Protocol: TCP ▼

Name:

Start Port:

End Port:

Open Start Port:

Open End Port:

Back Apply Refresh

Multi-NAT

This allows you to set up one-to-one and many-to-one NAT rules on the DWR-957M.

Multi-NAT

Number	Interface	Type	Local Start IP	Local End IP	Public IP	Enable	Action
No Rule Found!							

Click **Add** to add a multi-NAT rule to the WAN connection.

Multi-NAT Edit

This allows you to set up one-to-one and many-to-one NAT rules on the DWR-957M.

Multi-NAT Edit

Enable: Whether to enable or disable the multi-NAT rule. Tick this to enable the multi-NAT rule.

The default is ticked.

WAN Connection: The WAN connection to apply the multi-NAT rules to.

Type: The multi-NAT rule type. This can be **One-to-One** or **Many-to-One**, and allows either one private IP to be mapped to one public IP, or multiple private IPs to be mapped to a single public IP.

Choosing the **many-to-one** option displays other options on the page, and these are documented below.

Local Start IP: The start IP address for the multi-NAT rule.

Public IP: The public IP address for the multi-NAT rule.

Type: Many-to-One

Local End IP: The end IP address for the multi-NAT rule.

Click **Back** to go back to the previous page, click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Multi-NAT Edit

Enable:

WAN Connection:

Type:

Local Start IP:

Public IP:

Type:

Local Start IP:

Local End IP:

Public IP:

DMZ Settings

This allows you to set up a De-Militarized Zone (DMZ) on the DWR-957M.

DMZ Settings

Enable DMZ: Whether to enable or disable the DMZ. Tick this to enable the DMZ.

WAN Connection: The WAN connection to apply the multi-NAT rules to.

DMZ Host IP Address: The host IP address on the local network to put into the DMZ.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

DMZ Settings

Enable DMZ:

WAN Connection: DHCP_WAN_ETH ▾

DMZ Host IP Address:

Apply Refresh

ALG Settings

This allows you to set the Application Level Gateway (ALG) options on the DWR-957M.

ALG Settings

TFTP Passthrough: Whether to enable or disable TFTP passthrough.

FTP Passthrough: Whether to enable or disable FTP passthrough.

PPTP Passthrough: Whether to enable or disable PPTP passthrough.

RTSP Passthrough: Whether to enable or disable RTSP passthrough.

L2TP Passthrough: Whether to enable or disable L2TP passthrough.

H323 Passthrough: Whether to enable or disable H323 passthrough.

SIP Passthrough: Whether to enable or disable SIP passthrough.

IPSEC Passthrough: Whether to enable or disable IPsec passthrough.

All the above settings can be ticked to enable, and un-ticked to disable.

By default all options are enabled

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

ALG Settings

Enable

TFTP Passthrough:

FTP Passthrough:

PPTP Passthrough:

RTSP Passthrough:

L2TP Passthrough:

H323 Passthrough:

SIP Passthrough:

IPSEC Passthrough:

Apply Refresh

Security

The security menu is used to set advanced security settings on the DWR-957M.

IP Filtering

This allows you to set up packet-filtering rules.

IP Filtering

Firewall Enable: Whether to enable or disable packet filtering.

Tick this to enable packet filtering. The default is ticked.

WAN > LAN: Whether to add a whitelist or blacklist rule.

Choose **Whitelist** or **Blacklist** and click Add to add a new rule.

This is in the inbound direction.

LAN > WAN: Whether to add a whitelist or blacklist rule.

Choose **Whitelist** or **Blacklist** and click Add to add a new rule.

This is in the outbound direction.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

IP Filtering

Note: when the firewall is enabled on a WAN interface, all incoming IP traffic is BLOCKED. However some IP traffic can be ACCEPTED by setting up filters.

WAN→LAN

Add

Number	Enable	IP Range/Port Range(Source)	IP Range/Port Range(Destination)	Protocol	Description	Device Name	Action
No Rule Found!							

Note: by default, all outgoing IP traffic from LAN is allowed, but some IP traffic can be BLOCKED by setting up filters.

LAN→WAN

Add

Number	Enable	IP Range/Port Range(Source)	IP Range/Port Range(Destination)	Protocol	Description	Device Name	Action
No Rule Found!							

Apply

Refresh

Port Filter Rule Settings

This allows you to add packet-filtering rules on the DWR-957M.

Port Filter Rule Settings

IP Version: The IP version to match with the rule. This can be **IPv4** or **IPv6**.

Connection: The WAN connection to use with the packet filtering rule.

Description: The description to use for the packet filtering rule.

Enable: Whether to enable or disable the packet filtering rule.

Tick this to enable the packet filtering rule. The default is un-ticked.

Protocol: The protocol to use for the packet filtering rule.

This can be **ALL**, **TCP**, **UDP**, **ICMP** or **TCP/UDP**.

Source IP: The source IP to use for the packet filtering rule.

Source Port: The source port to use for the packet filtering rule.

Destination IP: The destination IP to use for the packet filtering rule.

Destination Port: The destination port to use for the packet filtering rule.

Click **Back** to go back to the previous page, click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

MAC Filter

This allows you to set up MAC-filtering rules on the DWR-957M.

MAC Filter

Enable: Whether to enable or disable MAC filtering. Tick this to enable MAC filtering. The default is un-ticked.

Filter Mode: Whether to permit (whitelist) or deny (blacklist) MAC addresses as part of the MAC filter rule. This can be **Whitelist** or **Blacklist**.

MAC List

MAC Address: The MAC address to add to the MAC filtering rule.

Click Add to add the rule.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Port Filter Rule Settings

IP Version:

Connection: (only firewall enabled WAN connections are available.)

Description:

Enable:

Protocol:

Source IP: -

Source Port: -

Destination IP: -

Destination Port: -

MAC Filter

Enable:

Filter Mode: Blacklist Whitelist

MAC List

MAC Address:

Enable MAC filter, then select whitelist or blacklist, click "apply" to submit.
 Input MAC address to add a rule in MAC list box, click "add" to submit.
 Whitelist means that only the current MAC address can be permit to login CPE and access internet.
 Blacklist means that the current MAC address can not be permit to login CPE and access internet.
 MAC Address format: xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx(x=0-f,hex).

Number	MAC Address	Action
No Rule Found!		

DDoS Protection

This allows you to set up Denial of Service (DoS) prevention rules on the DWR-957M.

Attack Protection Settings

Enable: Whether to enable or disable attack protection. Tick this to enable attack protection. The default is ticked.

Attack Logs: Whether to enable or disable attack logs. Tick this to enable attack logs. The default is un-ticked.

Individual Protection Settings

Prevent SYN Flood: Whether to enable or disable Prevent SYN Flood protection.

Peak SYN Number: The peak number of TCP SYN packets that can be received per second. The default is **30**.

Drop Broadcast ICMP Echo Request: Whether to enable or disable Drop Broadcast ICMP Echo Request protection.

Fraggle Attack Protection: Whether to enable or disable Fraggle Attack protection.

Echo Chargen Attack Protection: Whether to enable or disable Echo Chargen Attack protection.

IP Land Attack Protection: Whether to enable or disable IP Land Attack protection.

Port Scan Attack Protection: Whether to enable or disable attack protection

All the above settings can be ticked to enable, and un-ticked to disable.

By default all options are enabled

Attack Protection Settings

Enable:

Attack Logs:

Individual Protection Settings

Prevent SYN Flood:

Peak SYN Number: (number/second)

Drop Broadcast ICMP Echo Request:

Fraggle Attack Protection:

Echo Chargen Attack Protection:

IP Land Attack Protection:

Port Scan Attack Protection:

Prevent Illegal Packets

TCP Flags: Set "SYN FIN": Whether to enable or disable preventing illegal packets by setting SYN FIN.

TCP Flags: Set "SYN RST": Whether to enable or disable preventing illegal packets by setting SYN RST.

TCP Flags: Set "FIN RST": Whether to enable or disable preventing illegal packets by setting FIN RST.

TCP Flags: Unset "ACK", Set "FIN": Whether to enable or disable preventing illegal packets by unsetting ACK and setting FIN

TCP Flags: Unset "ACK", Set "PSH": Whether to enable or disable preventing illegal packets by unsetting ACK and setting PSH.

TCP Flags: Unset "ACK", Set "URG": Whether to enable or disable preventing illegal packets by unsetting ACK and setting URG.

TCP Flags: Unset "SYN ACK FIN RST URG PSH": Whether to enable or disable preventing illegal packets by unsetting SYN ACK FIN RST URG PSH.

TCP Flags: Set "SYN ACK FIN RST URG PSH": Whether to enable or disable preventing illegal packets by setting SYN ACK FIN RST URG PSH.

TCP Flags: Unset "PSH", Set "SYN ACK FIN RST URG": Whether to enable or disable preventing illegal packets by unsetting PSH and setting SYN ACK FIN RST URG.

TCP Flags: Unset "SYN ACK RST URG PSH", Set "FIN": Whether to enable or disable preventing illegal packets by unsetting SYN ACK RST URG PSH and setting FIN.

TCP Flags: Unset "SYN ACK RST", Set "FIN URG PSH": Whether to enable or disable preventing illegal packets by unsetting SYN ACK RST and setting FIN URG PSH.

All the above settings can be ticked to enable, and un-ticked to disable.

By default all options are enabled

Prevent Illegal Packets

TCP Flags: Set "SYN FIN":

TCP Flags: Set "SYN RST":

TCP Flags: Set "FIN RST":

TCP Flags: Unset "ACK", Set "FIN":

TCP Flags: Unset "ACK", Set "PSH":

TCP Flags: Unset "ACK", Set "URG":

TCP Flags: Unset "SYN ACK FIN RST URG PSH":

TCP Flags: Set "SYN ACK FIN RST URG PSH":

TCP Flags: Unset "PSH", Set "SYN ACK FIN RST URG":

TCP Flags: Unset "SYN ACK RST URG PSH", Set "FIN":

TCP Flags: Unset "SYN ACK RST", Set "FIN URG PSH":

Apply

Refresh

Parental Control

The parental control menu is used to set parental control features on the DWR-957M.

Access Time Restriction

This allows you to set up access rules to block hosts from accessing the network, based on the time of day.

Access Time Restriction

Enable Time Restriction: Whether to enable or disable time restrictions. Tick this to enable time restrictions. The default is un-ticked.

Note: a maximum of 16 access rules can be created.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page. Click **Add** to add a new access time restriction rule.

Access Time Restriction Configuration

This allows you to add an access rule to block hosts from accessing the network, based on the time of day.

Access Time Restriction Configuration

User Name: Custom name of the restriction.

Mac Address: Enter the mac address which the rule will be applied to.

Days of the week: The days of the week to block the host for. Tick the days of the week when you want to block the host.

Blocking Time: The time that the host will be blocked for. This can be from **0** to **24** and from **0** to **59**. It is in the format: HH: MM.

Click **Back** to go to back to the previous page and click **Apply** to apply the settings.

Access Time Restriction

Enable Time Restriction:

Apply

Refresh

Note: A maximum 16 entries can be configured.

Number	User Name	MAC Address	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Start	Stop	Action
No Rule Found!												

Add

User Name:

MAC Address: (xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx)

Days of the week: Sun Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat

Blocking Time: - (hh:mm)

Allows access to the Internet:

Back

Apply

URL & IP Filter

This allows you to set up access rules to either block or allow access to a URL, based on the time of day.

URL & IP Filter

Enable: Whether to enable or disable URL filters. Tick this to enable URL filters.

The default is un-ticked.

Filter Mode: The filter mode for the URL filter. This can be **Blacklist** or **Whitelist**. Choose Blacklist to block URLs, and choose Whitelist to allow URLs.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

URL & IP Filter

Enable:

Filter Mode: Blacklist Whitelist

Apply

Refresh

URL & IP List

Note: a maximum of 16 access rules can be created.

URL & IP List

Note: A maximum 16 entries can be configured.

Number	Description:	URL Key	LAN PC IP	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Start	Stop	Action
No Rule Found!													

Click **Add** to add a new URL and IP filter rule.

Access Time Restriction Configuration

This allows you to set up access rules to either block or allow access to a URL, based on the time of day.

Access Time Restriction Configuration

Description: The description for the time restriction rule.

Source IP: The source IP addresses for the time restriction rule. Enter a range of IP addresses to apply the URL filter to.

URL: The URL to either block or allow access to.

Days of the week: The days of the week to block the host for. Tick the days of the week when you want to block the URL.

Blocking Time: The time that the URL will be blocked for. This can be from **0** to **24** and from **0** to **59**. It is in the format: HH: MM.

Click **Back** to go to back to the previous page and click **Apply** to apply the settings.

Access Time Restriction Configuration

This page adds time of day restriction to access some URL for a special LAN device connected to the Router.

Description:

LAN PC IP: -

URL Key: (http:// and https:// in key will be ignored)

Days of the week: Sun Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat

Blocking Time: - (hh:mm)

Routing

The routing menu is used to set routing information on the DWR-957M.

Default Route

Default gateway interface list can have multiple WAN interfaces served as system default gateways but only one will be used according to the priority with the first being the highest and the last one the lowest priority if the WAN interface is connected.

Selected Default Gateway Interfaces

PPPoE_WAN_ETH

Available Routed WAN Interfaces

Static Route

This allows you to set up static routes to define how to route traffic for remote networks.

Click **Add** to add a new static route.

Static Route

Number	Status	Destination Subnet	Mask	Gateway	Metrics	Type	Error Message	Action
No Rule Found!								

Add

Static Route Setting

This allows you to set up static routes to define how to route traffic for remote networks.

Static Route Setting

Connection Name: The connection name for the static route.

Choosing the **LAN** option displays other options on the page, and these are documented below.

Enable: Whether to enable or disable the static route. Tick this to enable the static route. The default is un-ticked.

Destination

Subnet: The destination network to route traffic for.

Subnet Mask: The destination subnet mask to route traffic for.

Gateway: The router address to route traffic to for the route.

Metrics: The metric to associate with the route. This is used to prefer one route over another.

Connection Name: LAN

Gateway: The router address to route traffic to for the route.

Click **Back** to go back to the previous page, click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Static Route Setting

Connection Name:

Enable:

Destination Subnet:

Subnet Mask:

Gateway:

Metrics:

Back

Apply

Refresh

Dynamic Route

This allows you to set up dynamic routes to define how to route traffic for remote networks.

Click **Add** to add a new dynamic route.

Dynamic Route Setting

This allows you to set up dynamic routes to define how to route traffic for remote networks.

Dynamic Route Setting

Connection Name: The connection name for the static route.

Enable: Whether to enable or disable dynamic routing.

Tick this to enable dynamic routing.

Protocol: The dynamic routing protocol. This can be **RIPv1**, **RIPv2**, **OSPF**, or **BGP**.

Choosing the **RIPv1**, **RIPv2**, or **BGP** option displays other options on the page, and these are documented below.

Click **Back** to go back to the previous page, click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

IPv6 Static Route

This allows you to set up static IPv6 routes to define how to route traffic for remote networks.

Click **Add** to add a new static route.

Dynamic Route

Number	Status	Protocol	Interface	Action
No Rule Found!				

Add

Dynamic Route Setting

Connection Name:

Enable:

Protocol:

RIP Passive:

Back

Apply

Refresh

Static Route

Number	Status	Destination Address	Mask	Gateway	Metrics	Type	Error Message	Action
No Rule Found!								

Add

IPv6 Static Route Setting

This allows you to set up static IPv6 routes to define how to route traffic for remote networks.

Static Route Setting

Connection Name: The connection name for the static route.

Enable: Whether to enable or disable the static route. Tick this to enable the static route.

The default is un-ticked.

Destination Address: The destination network to route traffic for.

Subnet Prefix Length: The destination prefix length to route traffic for.

Gateway: The router address to route traffic to for the route.

Metrics: The metric to associate with the route. This is used to prefer one route over another.

Click **Back** to go back to the previous page, click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Static Route Setting

Connection Name:

Enable:

Destination Address:

Subnet Prefix Length:

Gateway:

Metrics:

Back **Apply** **Refresh**

IPv6 Dynamic Route

This allows you to set up dynamic IPv6 routes to define how to route traffic for remote networks.

Dynamic Route

Port: Whether to enable or disable the dynamic routing on a port.

Tick this to enable dynamic routing on the port. The default is un-ticked.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Dynamic Route

Port	Enable
No Rule Found!	

Apply **Refresh**

Quality of Service

The Quality of Service (QoS) menu is used to set QoS information for traffic passing through the DWR-957M.

QoS Queue

This allows you to set QoS information based on traffic type.

QoS Global Settings

Enable QoS Profile: The QoS profile to enable. Choose one of the pre-configured profiles or select **Custom Profile** to create a new profile.

Note: Changing the profile will affect all QoS settings.

Enable: Whether to enable or disable the QoS settings.

Tick this to enable the QoS settings. The default is un-ticked.

Upstream Bandwidth: The maximum upstream bandwidth from the router.

Enter **0** to not limit the upstream bandwidth.

Scheduling Policy: The scheduling policy for prioritizing traffic. This can be Strict Priority (SP), Committed Access Rate (CAR), or Weighted Fair Queuing (WFQ).

Choosing these options displays other options on the page. These are shown below.

Enable Force Bandwidth: Whether to enable or disable Force Bandwidth.

Tick this to enable Force Bandwidth. The default is un-ticked.

DSCP/TC Mark: Whether to enable or disable the Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP)/Traffic Class (TC) mark. Tick this to enable the DSCP/TC mark.

The default is un-ticked.

802.1P Tag: Whether to enable or disable the IEEE 802.1P tag. Tick this to enable the 802.1P tag. The default is un-ticked.

QoS Global Settings

Enable QoS Profile: (Changing profile will affect all QoS settings)

Enable:

Upstream Bandwidth: Kbps (0 means no rate limit)

Scheduling Policy:

Enable Force Bandwidth:

DSCP/TC Mark:

802.1P Tag:

TCP Connection Number Limit:

Upstream Queue Settings

Number	Enable	Priority(1 is the highest)
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1
2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2
3	<input type="checkbox"/>	3
4	<input type="checkbox"/>	4
5	<input type="checkbox"/>	5
6	<input type="checkbox"/>	6
7	<input type="checkbox"/>	7
8	<input type="checkbox"/>	8

TCP Connection Number Limit: Whether to enable or disable the TCP connection number limit.

Tick this to enable the TCP connection number limit. The default is un-ticked.

Choosing this options displays other options on the page, and these are documented below.

Scheduling Policy: SP

Number: The QoS level for the Strict Priority (SP) scheduling method.

Enable: Whether to enable or disable the level for the SP scheduling method.

Tick this to enable the level for the SP scheduling method.

Priority (1 is the highest): The priority for each QoS level.

Scheduling Policy: CAR

Number: The QoS level for the Committed Access

Rate (CAR) scheduling method.

Enable: Whether to enable or disable the level for the CAR scheduling method.

Tick this to enable the level for the CAR scheduling method.

Guaranteed Bandwidth (kbps): The guaranteed bandwidth in kbps for each QoS level.

Scheduling Policy: WFQ

Number: The QoS level for the Weighted Fair Queuing

(WFQ) scheduling method.

Enable: Whether to enable or disable the level for the WFQ scheduling method.

Tick this to enable the level for the WFQ scheduling method.

Percent (%): The percentage of the bandwidth for each QoS level.

TCP Connection Number Limit: Ticked

Limit Mode: The limit mode for the QoS profile. This can be

Percent Mode or **Number Mode**. Enter the value for each mode in the box to the right.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Classification List

This allows you to classify traffic based on the traffic type.

Classification List

Number	Enable	Traffic Type	Mark	Queue	Action
No Rule Found!					

Add Traffic Type

Number	Enable	Classification Rules	Mark	Queue	Action
No Rule Found!					

Add Flow

Click **Add Traffic Type** to add a traffic type and click **Add Flow** to add a traffic flow.

Classification Traffic Base

This allows you to classify traffic based on the traffic type.

Classification Traffic Base

Enable: Whether to enable or disable the traffic base. Tick this to enable the traffic base.

Service Name: The service name for the traffic base.

Classification Match Result

Queue: The queue number for the match result.

DSCP: The DSCP value for the match result. This can be **Default**, **AF11(001010)**, **AF12(001100)**, **AF13(001110)**, **AF21(010010)**, **AF22(010100)**, **AF23(010110)**, **AF31(011010)**, **AF32(011100)**, **AF33(011110)**, **AF41(100010)**, **AF42(100100)**, **AF43(100110)**, **CS1(001000)**, **CS2(010000)**, **CS3(011000)**, **CS4(100000)**, **CS5(101000)**, **CS6(110000)**, **CS7(111000)**, or **EF(101110)**.

802.1P Tag: The 802.1P tag for the match result.

This can be **0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, or 7**.

Click **Back** to go back to the previous page, click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Classification Traffic Base

Enable:

Service Name:

Classification Match Result

Queue:

DSCP:

802.1P Tag:

Back

Apply

Refresh

Classification Traffic Base Settings

Here you can set the different mac address of interface for the QoS to use as well as the DSCP, IP Protocol and 802.1P.

IP Version: Select IPv4 or IPv6

LAN interface: Choose LAN1 – LAN4

WAN Connection: Choose the WAN connection to use

Source MAC: enter the Mac address connected to the LAN interface

Destination MAC: enter the Destination MAC address

VLAN: enter the VLAN for the QoS

802.1P: Select the priority from 1-7 where 7 is the highest

Source Address: Enter the IP address connected to the LAN interface

Source Mask: enter the subnet mask for the connected device

Destination Address: Enter the destination address

Destination Mask: enter the subnet mask for the destination

DSCP: The DSCP value for the match result. This can be **Default**,

AF11(001010), AF12(001100), AF13(001110), AF21(010010),

AF22(010100), AF23(010110), AF31(011010), AF32(011100),

AF33(011110), AF41(100010), AF42(100100), AF43(100110),

CS1(001000), CS2(010000), CS3(011000), CS4(100000),

CS5(101000), CS6(110000), CS7(111000), or EF(101110).

IP Protocol: Select the Protocol for the QoS. This can be TCP, UDP, ICMP or IGMP.

Source Port Range: Choose the port range for the rule. Works with TCP and UDP.

Destination Port Range: Enter the port range for the rule. Works with TCP and UDP Classification Match Result

Queue: Choose the number for the queue

Classification Traffic Base

IP Version:	<input type="text" value="IPv4"/>
LAN Interface:	<input type="text" value="LAN4"/>
WAN Connection:	<input type="text" value="PPPoE"/>
Source MAC:	<input type="text" value=""/> (00:22:33:aa:bb:cc)
Destination MAC:	<input type="text" value=""/> (00:22:33:aa:bb:cc)
VLAN:	<input type="text" value=""/>
802.1P:	<input type="text" value="7"/>
Source Address:	<input type="text" value=""/> (8.8.8.8)
Source Mask:	<input type="text" value=""/> (255.255.255.0)
Destination Address:	<input type="text" value=""/> (8.8.8.8)
Destination Mask:	<input type="text" value=""/> (255.255.255.0)
DSCP:	<input type="text" value="AF42(100100)"/>
IP Protocol Type:	<input type="text" value="TCP"/>
Source Port Range:	<input type="text" value=""/> - <input type="text" value=""/>
Destination Port Range:	<input type="text" value=""/> - <input type="text" value=""/>

DSCP: The DSCP value for the match result. This can be **Default**, **AF11(001010)**, **AF12(001100)**, **AF13(001110)**, **AF21(010010)**, **AF22(010100)**, **AF23(010110)**, **AF31(011010)**, **AF32(011100)**, **AF33(011110)**, **AF41(100010)**, **AF42(100100)**, **AF43(100110)**, **CS1(001000)**, **CS2(010000)**, **CS3(011000)**, **CS4(100000)**, **CS5(101000)**, **CS6(110000)**, **CS7(111000)**, or **EF(101110)**.

802.1P tag: Select the priority from 1-7 where 7 is the highest

QoS TCP Flags

This allows you to prioritize TCP flags.

Prioritize TCP Flags: Whether to enable or disable prioritizing TCP flags.

Tick this to enable.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and return to the previous page.

Bandwidth Limit

The bandwidth limit menu is used to limit the bandwidth of traffic passing through the DWR-957M.

Port Bandwidth Limit Configuration

This allows you to limit bandwidth based on port.

Port Bandwidth Limit Configuration

Enable: Whether to enable or disable the port bandwidth limit.

Tick this to enable the port bandwidth limit.

Choose LAN Port: The LAN port to limit the bandwidth on.

Ingress Rate: The maximum ingress speed, in kbps. Enter 0 to disable the limit.

Egress Rate: The maximum egress speed, in kbps.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Classification Match Result

Queue:

DSCP:

802.1P Tag:

Prioritize TCP Flags:

Prioritize TCP Flags:

Apply

Port Bandwidth Limit Configuration

Enable:

Choose Lan Port:

Ingress Rate: Kbps (0 means no rate limit)

Egress Rate: Kbps

Apply

Refresh

IP Bandwidth Limit Configuration

This allows you to limit bandwidth based on IP address.

IP Bandwidth Limit Configuration

Enable: Whether to enable or disable the IP bandwidth limit. Tick this to enable the IP bandwidth limit, and un-tick it to disable it.

IPs: The range of IP addresses to apply the IP bandwidth limit to.

Ingress Rate: The maximum ingress speed, in kbps. Enter 0 to disable the limit.

Egress Rate: The maximum egress speed, in kbps.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

IP Tunnel

The IP tunnel menu is used to create tunnels for routing various types of traffic across a particular type of network.

IPv4 In IPv6

DSL-Lite Tunnel Settings

6 in 4 Tunnel Configuration

This allows you to create an IPv4 tunnel that tunnels IPv6 traffic.

Enable: Whether to enable or disable the 6 in 4 tunnel configuration.

Tick this to enable the 6 in 4 tunnel configuration.

Tunnel Name: The name of the 6 in 4 tunnel.

Mechanism: The mechanism through which to establish the 6 in 4 tunnel.

IP Bandwidth Limit Configuration

Enable:

IPs: -

Ingress Rate: Kbps (0 means no rate limit)

Egress Rate: Kbps

Apply

Refresh

IP BW Limit Rules

Number	Enable	IP Range	Ingress BW	Egress BW	Action
No Rule Found!					

DS-Lite Tunnel Settings

IPv6 Connection:

Enable DS-Lite:

AFTR Setup Mode:

AFTR Address:

Apply

Refresh

Note: Currently only IPv6 Rapid Deployment (6rd) is supported.

Associated WAN Interface: The WAN interface associated with the 6 in 4 tunnel. Choose **Manual** to enter the 6 in 4 tunnel information manually, and choose Automatic to input it manually.

6 in 4 tunnel information automatically.

IPv4 Mask Length: The IPv4 mask length for the 6 in 4 tunnel.

6rd Prefix with

Prefix Length: The 6rd prefix and prefix length to use with the 6 in 4 tunnel.

Border Relay IPv4

Address: The border relay IPv4 address for the 6 in 4 tunnel.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

6 in 4 Tunnel Configuration

Currently, only 6rd configuration is supported.

Enable

Tunnel Name:

Mechanism:

Associated WAN Interface:

Manual Automatic

IPv4 Mask Length:

6rd Prefix with Prefix Length: ::f

Border Relay IPv4 Address:

Apply **Refresh**

Generic Routing Encapsulation

This allows you to create a Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) tunnel that can tunnel multiple traffic types.

Generic Routing Encapsulation

Number	Tunnel Name	Interface IP Address	Remote IP Address	Local Addresses	Action
No Rule Found!					

Add

Click **Add** to add a new GRE tunnel.

GRE Setting

This allows you to create a Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) tunnel that can tunnel multiple traffic types.

Connection Name: The connection name for the GRE tunnel.

Tunnel Name: The tunnel name for the GRE tunnel.

Note: this must start with "gre-".

Interface IP Address: The interface IP address to use with the GRE tunnel.

Subnet Mask: The interface IP address subnet mask to use with the GRE tunnel.

Tunnel Remote IP: The remote tunnel IP address to use with the GRE tunnel.

Max TTL: The maximum Time to Live (TTL) of the GRE tunnel packets.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

GRE Setting

Connection Name:	<input type="text" value="DHCP_WAN_ETH"/>
Tunnel Name:	<input type="text"/>
Interface IP Address:	<input type="text"/>
Subnet Mask:	<input type="text"/>
Tunnel Remote IP:	<input type="text"/>
Max TTL:	<input type="text" value="255"/>

Tunnel name must begin with 'gre-'

Applications

Storage Service

The Applications menu is used to set application settings on the DWR-957M.

Storage Device Info

This displays information about any attached external USB storage devices.

Storage Service - File Sharing Service Setup

This is used to enable or disable the Samba file sharing service.

Storage Service - File Sharing Service Setup

Enable Samba Service: Whether to enable or disable the Samba service.

Tick this to enable the Samba service.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Storage Service - FTP Service Setup

This is used to enable or disable the FTP server service.

Storage Service - FTP Service Setup

Enable FTP Service: Whether to enable or disable the FTP service. Tick this to enable the FTP service.

FTP Directory: The directory to make available for use by the FTP service.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Storage Device Info

Number	Provider	Product Type	Capacity(MB)
No Rule Found!			

Storage Service - File Sharing Service Setup

Note: To enable Samba Server, Please insert at least one storage device.

Enable Samba Service:

Apply **Refresh**

Storage Service - FTP Service Setup

Note: To enable FTP Server, at least one storage device would be inserted.

Enable FTP Service:

FTP Directory:

Apply **Refresh**

Storage Service - FTP Client Settings

This is used to set FTP client settings.

Storage Service - FTP Service Setup

User Name: The username to connect to the remote FTP server with.

Password: The password to connect to the remote FTP server with.

Download URL: The URL to the file on the remote FTP server that you wish to download.

Port: The port to connect to the remote FTP server on.

Device: The device to download the file specified in the download URL to.

Save Path: The location on the device to download the file specified in the download URL to.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Storage Service - TFTP Service Setup

This is used to enable or disable the TFTP server service.

Storage Service - TFTP Service Setup

Enable TFTP Service: Whether to enable or disable the TFTP service.

Tick this to enable the TFTP service.

TFTP Directory: The directory that the TFTP service uses.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Storage Service - FTP Client Settings

User Name:

Password:

Download URL:

Port:

Device:

Save Path:

Download

The latest 10 download records

Refresh

User Name	Password	Port	Download URL	Save Path	Progress	Status	Action
No Rule Found!							

Storage Service - TFTP Service Setup

Note: To enable the TFTP Server, a storage device may be needed.

Enable TFTP Service:

TFTP Directory:

Apply

Refresh

Printer Service Setup

This is used to enable or disable the printer service.

Printer Service Setup

Enable Printer Service: Whether to enable or disable the printer service.

Tick this to enable the printer service.

Queue Name: The printer queue name.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Multimedia Share Setup

This is used to enable or disable the Digital Media Server (DMS) service.

Multimedia Share Setup

Multimedia Share Setup

Enable DMS: Whether to enable or disable the DMS service.

Tick this to enable the DMS service.

Share Folders: The folders to share using the DMS service.

Choose Share All Folders to share all folders, and choose Custom Shared Folder to share a custom folder. Choosing the Custom Shared Folder option displays other options on the page, and these are documented below.

Share Folders: Custom Shared Folder

Custom Shared Folder: The custom shared folder to share using the DMS service.

Select a folder in the file browser and click the **Add** button to share it using the DMS service.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Printer Service Setup

Enable Printer Service:

Queue Name:

Apply

Refresh

Multimedia Share Setup

Enable DMS:

Share Folders: Share All Folders

Custom Shared Folder

Custom Shared Folder: **Add**

Apply

Refresh

DNS

The DNS menu is used to set dynamic DNS settings on the DWR-957M.

DDNS Settings

This is used to set dynamic DNS settings, so that the router can automatically update an external service with its current IP address.

DDNS Settings

Enable: Whether to enable or disable the DDNS settings. Tick this to enable the DDNS settings, and un-tick it to disable it.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings.

Click **Add** to add a new DDNS entry.

DDNS Server: The DDNS service to use with the router. This can be one of the predefined entries, or choose **Other** to enter a custom DDNS service.

Host Name: The DNS name that you wish to update.

WAN Connection: The WAN connection to use for the DDNS settings.

User Name: The username for the DDNS service.

Password: The password for the DDNS service.

Click **Back** to go back to the previous page and click **Apply** to apply the settings.

DDNS Settings

Enable:

Apply

Add

DDNS Server:

Host Name:

WAN Connection:

User Name:

Password:

Back Apply

Number	DDNS Status	Host Name	Action
No Rule Found!			

UPnP

This is used to set Universal Plug and Play (UPnP) settings, so that devices on the LAN can automatically open ports on the router firewall.

Enable UPnP IGD: Whether to enable or disable the Internet Gateway Device (IGD) Protocol. Tick this to enable the IGD Protocol.

WAN Connection: The WAN connection to use with the IGD Protocol.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Blacklist

Enable: Whether to enable or disable the blacklist entry. Tick this to enable the blacklist entry.

IP Address: The IP address to blacklist from using the IGD Protocol.

Click **Add** to add a new blacklist entry.

UPnP

Enable UPnP IGD:

WAN Connection: DHCP_WAN_ETH ▾

Apply

Refresh

Blacklist

Enable:

IP Address:

Add

Enable	Number	IP Address	Action
No Rule Found!			

Multicast

The multicast menu is used to set multicast settings on the DWR-957M.

IGMP Settings

This is used to set Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) settings.

Default Version: The default version of IGMP to use on the router. This can be **IGMPv2** or **IGMPv3**. The default is IGMPv2.

Query Interval(s): The query interval for IGMP. The default is 125 seconds.

Query Response Interval(1/10s):

The query response interval for IGMP. The default is 100 seconds.

Last Member Query Interval(1/10s):

The last member query interval for IGMP. The default is 10 seconds.

Robustness Value: The Robustness Value for IGMP. The default is 2.

Maximum Multicast Data Source(for IGMPv3):

The maximum multicast data sources for IGMPv3. The default is 10.

Fast Leave Enable: Whether to enable or disable Fast Leave. Tick this to enable Fast Leave.

Membership Join Immediate(IPTV):

Whether to enable or disable Membership Join Immediate. Tick this to enable Membership Join Immediate.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Enable IGMP Snooping: Whether to enable or disable IGMP snooping. Tick this to enable IGMP snooping.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Enable IGMP Proxy: Whether to enable or disable IGMP proxy. Tick this to enable IGMP proxy.

WAN Connection: Whether to enable or disable IGMP for the WAN connection. Tick this to enable IGMP for the WAN connection.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

IGMP Settings

Enter IGMP protocol configuration fields if you want modify default vaules shown below.
NOTE:Query Interval is advised to no longer than 125s.

Default Version:	<input type="text" value="IGMP v2"/>
Query Interval(s):	<input type="text" value="125"/>
Query Response Interval(1/10s):	<input type="text" value="100"/>
Last Member Query Interval(1/10s):	<input type="text" value="10"/>
Robustness Value:	<input type="text" value="2"/>
Maxinum Multicast Data Source(for IGMPv3):	<input type="text" value="10"/>
Fast Leave Enable:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Membership Join Immediate(IPTV):	<input type="checkbox"/>

Enable IGMP Snooping:

Enable IGMP Proxy:

WAN Connection	Enable IGMP
DHCP_WAN_ETH	<input type="checkbox"/>
PPPoE_WAN_ETH	<input type="checkbox"/>
LTE	<input type="checkbox"/>

MLD Settings

This is used to set Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) settings.

Default Version: The default version of MLD to use on the router.

This can be **MLDv1** or **MLDv2**. The default is MLDv2.

Query Interval(s): The query interval for MLD. The default is 125 seconds.

Query Response Interval(1/10s): The query response interval for MLD. The default is 100 seconds.

Last Member Query Interval(1/10s): The last member query interval for MLD. The default is 10 seconds.

Robustness Value: The Robustness Value for MLD. The default is 2.

Maximum Multicast Data Source(for mldv2): The maximum multicast data sources for MLDv2. The default is 10.

Fast Leave Enable: Whether to enable or disable Fast Leave.

Tick this to enable Fast Leave.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Enable MLD Snooping: Whether to enable or disable MLD snooping.

Tick this to enable MLD snooping, and un-tick it to disable it.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Enable MLD Proxy: Whether to enable or disable MLD proxy.

Tick this to enable MLD proxy.

WAN Connection: Whether to enable or disable MLD for the WAN connection.

Tick this to enable MLD for the WAN connection.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

MLD Settings

Enter MLD protocol(IPv6 Multicast)configure fields if you want modify default values shown below.

Default Version:	MLD v2 ▾
Query Interval(s):	125
Query Response Interval(1/10s):	100
Last Member Query Interval(1/10s):	10
Robustness Value:	2
Maximum Multicast Data Source(for mldv2):	10
Fast Leave Enable:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Apply Refresh

Enable MLD Snooping:

Apply Refresh

Enable MLD Proxy:

WAN Connection	Enable MLD
No Rule Found!	

Apply Refresh

SNMP Settings

This is used to set Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) settings for remote network management.

Enable SNMP: Whether to enable or disable SNMP. Tick this to enable SNMP. The default is un-ticked.

System Contact: The SNMP system contact.

System Name: The SNMP system name.

System Location: The SNMP system location.

Public community: The SNMP public community string.

Private community: The SNMP private community string.

Trap Enable: Whether to enable or disable SNMP. Tick this to enable SNMP. The default is un-ticked.

Trap Version: The SNMP trap version. This can be SNMPv1 or SNMPv2.

Trap Address: The SNMP trap server IP address.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

VOIP

The VOIP menu is used to set VOIP settings on the DWR-957M.

Voice Mode

This allows you to set the Voice mode for the device:

Mode: Auto, VOIP, VoLTE and CS only.

SNMP Settings

Enable SNMP	<input type="checkbox"/>
System Contact	<input type="text"/>
System Name	<input type="text"/>
System Location	<input type="text"/>
Public community	<input type="text"/>
Private community	<input type="text"/>
Trap Enable	<input type="checkbox"/>
Trap Version	SNMP V1 ▾
Trap Address	192.168.1.100

Apply

Refresh

Voice Mode

Mode: Auto ▾

Apply

Refresh

Basic Setup

Port: The port to use for VOIP service.

Register Server: Address of the register server.

Proxy: Address of the proxy.

Outbound Server: Address of the outbound server.

Port: Port for to use for the outbound server.

Backup Register

Server: Backup address of the register server.

Backup Proxy: Backup address of the proxy.

Backup Outbound Server: Backup address of the outbound server.

Backup Port: Port for to use for the backup outbound server.

Register Life Time: Lifetime of the registration process.

Enable Link Test: Tick to enable testing of VOIP link.

Link Test Interval: The number of seconds between VOIP link tests.

Retry Interval: The number of seconds before retrying registration.

Enable P-Asserted-Identity: Tick to enable P-Asserted-Identity.

Allow SIP Source: IP address of the allow SIP source.

Connection 1

Enable: By default, the box is ticked

Username: Enter the username as provided by the VoIP/SIP provider.

Password: Enter the password as provided by your VoIP/SIP provider.

URI: Enter the URI (Uniform Resource Identifier) if applicable to your service.

Instance ID: Enable SIP instance ID to register the same account on multiple devices linked to the DWR-957M

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Basic Setup

Port: (1024 ~ 65535)

Register Server:

Proxy:

Outbound Server:

Port: (1024 ~ 65535)

Backup Register Server:

Backup Proxy:

Backup Outbound Server:

Backup Port: (1024 ~ 65535)

Register Life Time: Second

Enable Link Test:

Link Test Interval: Second

Retry Interval: Second

Enable P-Asserted-Identity:

Allow SIP source:

Connection 1

Enable:

User Name:

Password:

URI:

Instance Id:

Advance VoIP Setup

DTMF Settings: Select between RFC2833 or inbound.

DTMF Relay PT: Enter the RTP port Relay number for the connection. Default is 97

Begin RTP Port: Enter the RTP port begin number for the connection. Default is 4000

Jitter Buffer: Select between Auto or Fixup

Min: Enter the minimum jitter time in milliseconds

Max: Enter the maximum jitter time in milliseconds

Media Negotiatory: Select between remote or local negotiation. Default is set to Remote side.

Connection 1

Echo Cancellation: Echo cancellation eliminates the echo affect from sound on both parties. It is best to have this enabled to improve the voice quality.

VAD: Select this option to enable Voice Activation Detection. Default is un-ticked

Send Gain: Change the value of gain send via mic piece of handset.

Receive Gain: Change the value of gain received via ear piece of handset.

Advanced Setup

DTMF Settings:

DTMF Relay PT:

Begin RTP Port:

Jitter Buffer:

Min: ms

Max: ms

Media Negotiatory:

Connection 1

Echo Cancellation:

VAD:

Send Gain: (-14~6)

Receive Gain: (-14~6)

Media Settings

Here you can select which codec to use for voice calls and the priority in which it should work. By default G711A and G729 is used.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Fax Settings

Here you can enable to disable the Fax Protocol for the Device.

Enable T38: Click to disable fax protocol. This will prevent the device to look for fax transmissions if a call is received

Click Apply to apply the settings and click Refresh to refresh the page.

Media Settings

Connection 1

	Coding Type:	Enable Coding Priority(1~16):	RTP Period(ms):
G711U	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text" value="3"/>	<input type="text" value="20"/> ▾
G711A	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text" value="2"/>	<input type="text" value="20"/> ▾
G729	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text" value="1"/>	<input type="text" value="20"/> ▾
G722	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text" value="4"/>	<input type="text" value="20"/> ▾

Basic Setup

Enable T38:

Voice Service

Here you can select the VoIP number configured to modify call settings.

Tel: Select the number of the register VoIP services

Call Forward Unconditional: Tick to enable Unconditional forwarding of registered VoIP number

To: Enter the Destination number for unconditional call forwarding.

Call Forward On Busy: Tick to enable call forwarding when line is busy.

To: Enter the Destination number for call forwarding when busy.

Call Forward On No Answer: Tick to enable call forwarding when call is not answered.

To: Enter the Destination number to forward the calls when not answered.

Call Waiting: Untick to disable call waiting.

Blind Transfer: Untick to disable blind transfer.

Consecutive Transfer: Untick to disable Consecutive Transfer.

Call Hold: Untick to disable Call Hold feature.

3 Way Talking: Untock to disable conference call feature.

Hot Line: Select between Default, Right Now and Delay.

Destination Number: Enter the new Destination number if hot line is changed to Right Now or Delay

Delay Line Timer: Enter the Delay time in ms when hotline is not set to default.

Anti-Pole: Tick to enable Anti-Pole feature.

Enable Subscribe: Tick to enable Subscribe services.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Voice Service

Tel:	<input type="text" value=""/>
Call Forward Unconditional:	<input type="checkbox"/>
To:	<input type="text" value=""/>
Call Forward On Busy:	<input type="checkbox"/>
To:	<input type="text" value=""/>
Call Forward On No Answer:	<input type="checkbox"/>
To:	<input type="text" value=""/>
Call Waiting:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Blind Transfer:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Consultive Transfer:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Call Hold:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
3 Way Talking:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hot Line:	<input type="text" value="Default"/>
Destination Number:	<input type="text" value=""/>
Delay Line Timer:	<input type="text" value="5000"/> ms
Anti-Pole:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Enable Subscribe:	<input type="checkbox"/>

Line Settings

Here you can register, Unregister or restart the registration for the VoIP account configured.

Target: Select the line you want to Register, Unregister or Restart. There is only one line for the router.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Line Settings

Target:

Line1 ▾

Register Unregister Restart

Apply

Refresh

Digital Map

This is where you can modify the dialing pattern for the router. If you wish to use a certain pattern to dial out you can do it here.

Please Input Number Table

Number Table: Enter or modify the dialing pattern for the DWR-957M

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Digital Map

Please Input Number Table

```
[2-8]xxxxxxxx|1[3458]xxxxxxxx|01[3458]xxxxxxxx|0xxxxxxxx|0311xxxxxxxx|037[179]xxxxxxx|04[135]1xxxxxxxx|0432xxxxxxxx|051[0-9]xxxxxxxx|052[37]xxxxxxxx|053[12]xxxxxxxx|057[13-79]xxxxxxxx|059[15]xxxxxxxx|0731xxxxxxxx|075[457]xxxxxxxx|076[09]xxxxxxxx|0898xxxxxxx|9xxxx|1[0124-9]x|118xxx|100xx|20x|400xxxxxxxx|800xxxxxxxx|955xx|58426x.|58427|1630[06]|99699[8*#]|[*#][*#0-9][0-9*]#x.#|##**xx|x[0-9*].#|*xx*x.#|*xx*x*x*x.#|*xx#|x[0-9*].T|*xx#|#xx#|*xx*x*x#|*xx*x*x.*x.#|#xx*x.#|*xx*x.*x.#|*xx*xxx.#|*xx#xx#|#xx|*xx*x*x.#|**x|**xx|**xxx.|*53*xxx.#|*31*xxx.|xxx.
```

Apply

Refresh

Basic Call Control

Here you can modify the timers for the DWR-957M incoming and outgoing calls.

Short Timer: Modify the short timer value for pre-dialing timeout.

Long Timer: Modify the long timer value for post-dialing timeout.

Dial Tone Timer: Modify the dial tone timer before timeout.

Ring Without Answer Timer: Modify the time before the call is hungup.

Howl Tone Timer: Modify the Howl timer value.

Busy Tone Timer: Modify the Busy Tone timer timeout while busy tone is played.

Country Tone: Change the Country dial tone.

Connection 1

Flash Min: Change the flash timer minimum value.

Flash Max: Change the flash timer maximum value.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

CID

Here you can select which mode to use for Caller Identity.

CID Mode: Choose between FSK or DTMF

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Basic Call Control

Short Timer: Second

Long Timer: Second

Dial tone Timer: Second

Ring Without Answer Timer: Second

Howl Tone Timer: Second

Busy Tone Timer: Second

Country Tone: ▾

Connection 1

Flash Min: ms(10-1300)

Flash Max: ms(10-1300)

Apply

Refresh

CID

CID Mode: ▾

Apply

Refresh

CDR

Show you the call history for the calls made on this router.

Info: Shows you the call history

Note: before this can work you would need to use a USB flash drive connected to the the router.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

CDR

Show last CDR info

A large, empty rectangular box with a thin black border, intended for displaying CDR information. It has a small diagonal line in the bottom right corner.

Clear

Download

Refresh

VPN

The VPN menu is used to set IPSec and L2TP tunnel settings on the DWR-957M.

IPSec

This is used to set basic IPSec settings.

IPSec Tunnel Mode Connections

IPSec Hardware Accelerate: Whether to enable or disable IPSec hardware acceleration. Tick this to enable IPSec hardware acceleration, and un-tick it to disable it. The default is un-ticked.

IPSec Tunnel Mode Connections

IPSec Hardware

Accelerate

Apply

Refresh

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Connection Name	Remote Gateway	Local Addresses	Remote Addresses	Action
No Rule Found!				

Add

Click **Add** to add a new IPSec tunnel.

IPSec Settings

This is used to set basic IPSec tunnel settings.

IPSec Connection Name: The connection name for the IPSec tunnel.

Tunnel Mode: The tunnel mode for the IPSec tunnel. This can be Encapsulating Security Payload (**ESP**) or Authentication Header (**AH**).

WAN Connection: The WAN connection to use with the IPSec tunnel.

Local IPsec Gateway Address: The local IPSec gateway address.

This is the source for the IPSec tunnel. The default is 0.0.0.0 (the local router).

Remote IPsec Gateway Address: This is the destination for the IPSec tunnel.

Tunnel access from local IP addresses:

The addresses that are allowed to access the IPSec tunnel.

This can be **Subnet** or **Single Address**. Choosing the Subnet option displays other options on the page, and these are documented below.

IP Address for VPN: The IP addresses that are allowed to access the IPSec tunnel

IP Subnetmask: The subnet mask for the IP addresses allowed to access the IPSec tunnel.

Tunnel access from remote IP addresses:

The remote addresses that are allowed to access the IPSec tunnel.

This can be **Subnet** or **Single Address**. Choosing the Subnet option displays other options on the page, and these are documented below.

IP Address for VPN: The remote IP addresses that are allowed to access the IPSec tunnel.

IP Subnetmask: The subnet mask for the remote IP addresses allowed to access the IPSec tunnel.

IPSec Settings

IPSec Connection Name:	<input type="text" value="new connection"/>
Tunnel Mode:	<input type="text" value="ESP"/>
WAN Connection:	<input type="text" value="DHCP_WAN_ETH"/>
Local IPsec Gateway Address:	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>
Remote IPsec Gateway Address:	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>
Tunnel access from local IP addresses:	<input type="text" value="Subnet"/>
IP Address for VPN:	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>
IP Subnetmask:	<input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/>
Tunnel access from remote IP addresses:	<input type="text" value="Subnet"/>
IP Address for VPN:	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>
IP Subnetmask:	<input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/>
Key Exchange Method:	<input type="text" value="Auto(IKE)"/>
Authentication Method:	<input type="text" value="Pre-Shared Key"/>
Pre-Shared Key:	<input type="text" value="key"/>
Perfect Forward Secrecy:	<input type="text" value="Enable"/>
Advanced IKE Settings:	<input type="button" value="Show Advanced Settings"/>

Key Exchange Method:

The key exchange method for the IPSec tunnel. This can be **Auto(IKE)** or **Manual**. The default is Auto(IKE).

Choosing these options displays other options on the page, and these are documented below.

Authentication Method:

The authentication method for the IPSec tunnel.

This can be **Pre-Shared Key** or **Certificate (X.509)**. The default is Pre-Shared Key.

Choosing these options displays other options on the page, and these are documented below.

Perfect Forward Secrecy:

Whether to enable or disable perfect forward secrecy.

Tick this to enable perfect forward secrecy, and untick it to disable it. The default is un-ticked.

Advanced IKE Settings: Click Show Advanced Settings to show advanced Auto(IKE) settings.

Choosing this option displays other options on the page, and these are documented below.

Phase 1 Mode: The Auto(IKE) mode to use with the IPSec tunnel. This can be **Main** or **Aggressive**. The default is Main.

Encryption Algorithm: The encryption algorithm to use with the IPSec tunnel.

This can be **DES**, **3DES**, **AES**. The default is DES.

Integrity Algorithm: The authentication algorithm to use with the IPsec tunnel.

This can be **MD5** or **SHA1**. The default is MD5.

Diffie-Hellman Group: The Diffie-Hellman Group key size to use with the IPsec tunnel.

This can be **768bit**, **1024bit**, **1536bit** or **2048bit**. The default is 1024bit.

Key Life Time: The key lifetime for the IPsec tunnel. The default is 3600 seconds.

Phase 2 Encryption Algorithm: The encryption algorithm to use with the IPsec tunnel.

This can be **DES**, **3DES**, **AES**. The default is DES.

Encryption Algorithm: The encryption algorithm to use with the IPsec tunnel.

This can be **DES**, **3DES**, **AES**. The default is DES.

Integrity Algorithm: The authentication algorithm to use with the IPsec tunnel.

This can be **MD5** or **SHA1**. The default is MD5.

Diffie-Hellman Group: The Diffie-Hellman Group key size to use with the IPsec tunnel.

This can be **768bit**, **1024bit**, **1536bit** or **2048bit**. The default is 1024bit.

Key Life Time: The key lifetime for the IPsec tunnel. The default is 3600 seconds.

Phase 1

Mode:

Main ▾

Encryption Algorithm:

DES ▾

Integrity Algorithm:

MD5 ▾

Diffie-Hellman Group:

1024bit ▾

Key Life Time:

3600

Phase 2

Encryption Algorithm:

DES ▾

Integrity Algorithm:

MD5 ▾

Diffie-Hellman Group:

1024bit ▾

Key Life Time:

3600

Back

Apply

Refresh

L2TP

This is used to set basic L2TP settings.

L2TP LAC Tunnel Setting

This is used to set basic L2TP tunnel settings.

L2TP LAC Tunnel Settings

Connection Name: The connection name for the L2TP tunnel.

Enable: Whether to enable or disable the L2TP tunnel. Tick this to enable the L2TP tunnel. The default is un-ticked.

Tunnel Name: The tunnel name for the L2TP tunnel.

Tunnel Interface IP Mode: This can be Static or Dynamic. The default is Dynamic.

Tunnel Interface IP: The IP address to listen on for the L2TP tunnel. Option only available when Tunnel Interface IP Mode is set to static.

NAT: Whether to enable or disable Network Address Translation. Tick this to enable NAT. The default is un-ticked.

Default Route: Allow all LAN-WAN to be directed via the VPN.

Authentication Type: Auto, PAP or CHAP. The Authentication Type of the LAC tunnel.

LNS Addr Mode: The LNS addressing mode. This can be FQDN or IP. Default is FQDN

LNS Domain Name/IP: The LNS FQDN/IP address to use with the L2TP tunnel.

User Name: The username for the L2TP tunnel.

Password: The password for the L2TP tunnel.

Max Redial: Amount to re-dial if connection is not successful. Min 1, Recommended 3-5.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

L2TP LAC Rule List

View the L2TP Rule created

L2TP LAC Tunnel Settings

If enable Default Route, all traffic will pass through by the VPN; else only traffic specified by Remote Network can pass through

Connection Name:

Enable:

Tunnel Name:

Tunnel Interface IP Mode:

Tunnel Interface IP:

NAT:

Default Route:

Authentication Type:

LNS Addr Mode:

LNS Domain Name:

User Name:

Password:

Max redial: (at least 1)

L2TP LAC Rule List

Number	Tunnel Name	Enable	Tunnel Interface IP Mode	NAT	Remote Network	User Name	Authentication Mode	LNS Addr Mode	Action
No Rule Found!									

L2TP LNS Tunnel Settings

Connection Name: The connection name for the L2TP tunnel.

Enable: Whether to enable or disable the L2TP tunnel. Tick this to enable the L2TP tunnel.

The default is un-ticked.

Tunnel Name: The tunnel name for the L2TP tunnel.

Tunnel Interface IP: The IP address to listen on for the L2TP tunnel.

Tunnel LAC IP: The starting IP address for the DHCP table range.

Authentication Type: The Authentication type for the LNS tunnel.

Access Lac: Whether to enable or disable access to the LAC.

Tick this to enable access. The default is un-ticked.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

L2TP LNS User List

Number: The LNS user number.

User Name: The username of the LNS user.

Password: The LNS user's password.

Action: Press to remove/edit the LNS user.

User Name: Enter the User Name of a new LNS user.

Password: Enter the Password of a new LNS user.

Click **Add** to add a new LNS user.

L2TP LNS Tunnel Settings

Connection Name: ▾

Enable:

Tunnel Name:

Tunnel Interface IP:

Tunnel Lac IP:

Authentication Type: ▾

Access Lac:

Apply **Refresh**

L2TP LNS User List

Number	User Name	Password	Action
No Rule Found!			

User Name:

Password:

Add

VPN Lite

VPN Lite Configuration

Connection Name: The connection name for the L2TP tunnel.

Enable: Whether to enable or disable VPN Lite. Tick this to enable the VPN Lite. The default is un-ticked.

User Name: The user name for the VPN Lite Configuration.

Password: The password for the VPN Lite Configuration.

Site LAN IP/ Netmask: The IP address of the LAN or netmask.

NAT: Whether to enable or disable Network Address Translation.

Tick this to enable NAT. The default is un-ticked.

Firewall: Whether to enable or disable a firewall.

Tick this to enable a firewall. The default is un-ticked.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Static Route List

Number: The number of the static route in the list (ascending order).

Destination Subnet: The IP address for the destination subnet.

Mask: The IP address for the mask.

Action: Press the icon to delete a static route from the list.

VPN Lite Configuration

Connection Name: ▾

Enable:

User Name:




Password:

Site LAN IP/Netmask: (Format: A.A.A.A/B(A:0-255,B:1-32))

NAT:

Firewall:

Static Route List

Number	Destination Subnet	Mask	Action
1	10.0.0.0	255.0.0.0	
2	172.16.0.0	255.240.0.0	
3	192.168.0.0	255.255.0.0	

LTE BAND Settings

Here you can deselect or select the LTE bands you want the router to connect to when using LTE connection.

LTE Band Setting

Band	Enable
BAND1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
BAND3	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
BAND5	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
BAND7	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
BAND8	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
BAND20	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
BAND38	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
BAND40	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
BAND41	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Apply

Management

The Management menu is used to perform maintenance tasks on the DWR-957M.

Reboot

This is used to reboot the router.

Click **Reboot** to reboot the router.

Reboot

Click below button to reboot the router!

Reboot

Settings

Backup

This is used to back up the router settings.

Click **Backup Settings** to save the router settings to a file on your PC.

Settings - Backup

Backup Broadband Router configurations. You may save your router configurations to a file on your PC.

Backup Settings

DHCP Option 66 Files

This is used to download the DHCP Option 66 files to store on a TFTP server.

Click **Global** to download all DHCP Option 66 files on the router to your PC.

Click **Specific MAC** to download the DHCP Option 66 file for a specific MAC address to your PC.

Update Settings

This is used to restore previously saved router settings.

Click **Browse...** to select a file on your PC to upload.
This must be a file previously saved using the settings backup feature.

Click **Update Settings** to restore the previously saved router settings.

Restore Default Settings

This is used to restore the default settings of the router.

Click **Restore Default Settings** to restore the router to factory defaults.

Settings - DHCP Option 66 Files

Backup DHCP Option 66 configuration files on your PC to manually be stored in your TFTP Server.

- Global file will be used to update settings to a few devices.
- Specific MAC file will be used to update settings to a specific device whose MAC address matches the filename.

Global

Specific MAC

Settings - Update Settings

Update Broadband Router settings. You may update your router settings using your saved files.

Settings File Name: File not found

Update Settings

Settings - Restore Default Settings

Restore Broadband Router settings to the factory defaults.

Restore Default Settings

Update Software

This is used to update the router firmware.

Click **Browse...** to select a router firmware image file on your PC.

Click **Update Software** to upgrade the router firmware.

LTE Fota

This allows you to update the LTE software firmware.

Account Management - Passwords

This is used to change user passwords.

Username: The user to reset the password for.

Old Password: The user's old password.

New Password: The user's new password.

Confirm Password: Confirm the user's new password.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Update Software

Step 1: Obtain an updated software image file from your ISP.

Step 2: Enter the path to the image file location in the box below or click the 'Browse' button to locate the image file.

Step 3: Click the 'Update Software' button once to upload the new image file.

Note: The update process takes about 2 minutes to complete, and your Broadband Router will reboot.

Software File Name: File not found

Update Lte Module Software

Software Version: ML3116-1_2.2.93.2889_19052505_R

Account Management - Passwords

Note: Password cannot contain a space.

Username:

Old Password:

New Password:

Confirm Password:

Logs

Log Level

This is used to set logging settings.

Account Management – Log Level

Enable Log: Whether to enable or disable logging.

Tick this to enable logging. The default is un-ticked.

Log Level: The logging level to report logs for. This can be **Emergency, Alert, Critical, Error, Warning, Notice, Informational**, or **Debug**. The default is Critical.

TFTP Server: The address of a TFTP server to upload the log files to.

Press **Upload Log File** once the address has been entered to upload the log file.

Enable Log Server: Whether to enable or disable logging to an external logging server.

Tick this to enable logging to an external logging server. The default is un-ticked.

Remote Log Server: The address of the remote logging server.

Port: The port to use with the remote logging server.

Account Management - Log Level

Attention: Enabling logging may affect the gateway performance.

Enable Log:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Log Level:	<input type="text" value="Warning"/>
TFTP Server:	<input type="text"/>
	<input type="button" value="Upload Log File"/>
Enable Log Server:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Remote Log Server:	<input type="text"/>
Port:	<input type="text" value="514"/>
	<input type="button" value="Apply"/> <input type="button" value="Refresh"/>

Logs

This is used to view the router logs.

Account Management – Logs

Show Log Level: The logging level to show the logs for.

This can be **Emergency**, **Alert**, **Critical**, **Error**, **Warning**, **Notice**, **Informational**, or **Debug**. The default is Critical.

Click **Clear Log File** to clear the router log file, click

Download Log File to download the router log file, and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Service Control

This is used to add, remove and edit firewall rules.

Access Control -- IP Address Configuration

ACL Enable: Whether to enable or disable the firewall rules. Tick this to enable the firewall rules. The default is un-ticked.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings.

Click **Add** to add a new firewall rule.

Account Management - Logs

Show Log Level:

Critical

```
Manufacturer:D-Link;
ProductClass:DWR-956M;
SerialNumber:ecade05095e3;
IPInterfaceIPAddress:10.0.0.2;
HardwareVersion:DWR-956M;
SoftwareVersion:TK_1.00TK;

1970-01-01 02:00:13 [Critical] dnsmasq[1889]: bad command line options: try --help
1970-01-01 02:00:13 [Critical] dnsmasq[1889]: FAILED to start up
1970-01-01 02:00:13 [Critical] dnsmasq[1954]: bad command line options: try --help
1970-01-01 02:00:13 [Critical] dnsmasq[1954]: FAILED to start up
1970-01-01 02:00:12 [Critical] dnsmasq[1829]: bad command line options: try --help
1970-01-01 02:00:13 [Critical] dnsmasq[1829]: FAILED to start up
1970-01-01 02:00:13 [Critical] dnsmasq[1884]: bad command line options: try --help
1970-01-01 02:00:13 [Critical] dnsmasq[1884]: FAILED to start up
1970-01-01 02:00:13 [Critical] dnsmasq[1914]: bad command line options: try --help
1970-01-01 02:00:13 [Critical] dnsmasq[1914]: FAILED to start up
1970-01-01 02:00:13 [Critical] dnsmasq[1935]: bad command line options: try --help
1970-01-01 02:00:13 [Critical] dnsmasq[1935]: FAILED to start up
1970-01-01 02:00:13 [Critical] dnsmasq[1921]: bad command line options: try --help
```

Clear Log File

Download Log File

Refresh

Access Control -- IP Address Configuration

ACL Enable

Apply

Add

Access Control -- IP Address Configuration

This is used to add a firewall rule.

Protocol: The protocol for the firewall rule. This can be **HTTP**, **TELNET**, **FTP**, **SAMBA**, **ICMP**, **TFTP**, **SNMP**, **SSH**, **TCP** or **UDP**.

Choosing the **HTTP**, **TELNET**, **FTP**, **TFTP**, **SSH**, **TCP** or **UDP** options displays other options on the page, and these are documented below.

Access Control: The access control interface for the firewall rule.

IP Protocol Type: The protocol type for the firewall rule.

This can be **IPv4**, **IPv6** or **IPv4&6**.

Enable: Whether to enable or disable the firewall rule. Tick this to enable the firewall rule. The default is un-ticked.

Source IP: The source IP address(es) for the firewall rule.

Enter a single IP address for the source address, or enter a range of addresses in the beginning and end boxes.

Action: The action for the firewall rule. This can be ACCEPT or DROP.

Protocol: HTTP, TELNET, FTP, TFTP, SSH, TCP or UDP

Port: The port number for the firewall rule.

Click **Back** to go back to the previous page, click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Access Control -- IP Address Configuration

Protocol:	<input type="text" value="HTTP"/>
Port	<input type="text" value="80"/>
Access Control	<input type="text" value="WAN"/>
IP Protocol Type:	<input type="text" value="IPv4"/>
Enable:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Source IP:	<input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/>
Action	<input type="text" value="ACCEPT"/>

Internet Time

This is used to set Internet time settings, for synchronizing the router with an Internet time source.

Time Settings

Current Time: The current router date and time, including the timezone.

Time Service Enable:

Whether to enable or disable the time service. Tick this to enable the time service.

The default is un-ticked.

Synchronization Status:

The status of the synchronization process.

Time Server 1: An Internet time source to synchronize with.

Time Server 2: An Internet time source to synchronize with.

Time Server 3: An Internet time source to synchronize with.

Time Server 4: An Internet time source to synchronize with.

Time Server 5: An Internet time source to synchronize with.

Update Interval: The interval at which to synchronize the local router clock with an Internet time source.

Retry Interval: The interval at which to re-try router clock synchronization, in the event of a failure.

Time Zone: The router timezone.

Daylight-Saving: Whether to enable or disable daylight saving time.

Tick this to enable daylight saving time. The default is un-ticked.

Start Time: The start date and time for daylight saving time.

End Time: The start date and time for daylight saving time.

Click **Apply** to apply the settings and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Time Settings

Current Time: 2020-06-26T15:52:22 GMT +02:00

Time Service Enable:

Synchronization Status: Synchronized

Time Server 1:

Time Server 2:

Time Server 3:

Time Server 4:

Time Server 5:

Update Interval: (Seconds)

Retry Interval: (Seconds)

Time Zone:

Daylight-Saving:

Start Time:

End Time:

Apply

Refresh

Tools

Ping

The Tools menu is used to perform connectivity tests on the DWR-957M. This is used to perform ping tests. The results are displayed below the ping test options.

Host: The host to send the ICMP message to.

Repeat Number: The number of times to repeat the ping test.

Timeout (milliseconds):

The amount of time to wait before deciding that the ping test has failed.

Packet Size: This size of the ICMP packet.

Protocol Type: The protocol type to perform the ping test using.

This can be **IPv4** or **IPv6**.

WAN Connection: The WAN connection to use for the ping test.

Click **Ping** to perform the ping test and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Trace

This is used to perform traceroute tests. The results of the test are displayed below the traceroute test options.

Host: The host to send the ICMP messages to.

Max TTL: The maximum Time to Live (TTL) for the ICMP messages.

The is the maximum number of hops that an ICMP packet can pass through before the target host being declared unreachable.

This can be from **1** to **128**. The default is 30.

Waiting Time: The amount of time to wait before deciding that the host is not replying to ICMP messages.

WAN Connection: The WAN connection to use for the traceroute.

Click **Trace** to perform the traceroute and click **Refresh** to refresh the page.

Tools - Ping

Host:

Repeat Number:

Timeout(milliseconds):

Packet Size:

Protocol Type:

WAN Connection:

Ping **Refresh**

Tools - Trace

Host:

Max TTL: (1-128)

waiting Time: (2000-60000ms)

WAN Connection:

Trace **Refresh**

Connect a Wireless Client to your Router

WPS Button

The easiest way to connect your wireless devices to the router is with WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup). Most wireless devices such as wireless adapters, media players, Blu-ray DVD players, wireless printers and cameras will have a WPS button (or a software utility with WPS) that you can press to connect to the DWR-957M router. Please refer to your user manual for the wireless device you want to connect to make sure you understand how to enable WPS. Once you know, follow the steps below:

Step 1 - Press the WPS button on the DWR-957M for about 1 second. The WPS LED on the front will start to blink.



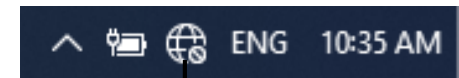
Step 2 - Within 2 minutes, press the WPS button on your wireless device (or launch the software utility and start the WPS process).

Step 3 - Allow up to 1 minute for your connection to be configured. Once the WPS LED stops blinking, you will be connected and your wireless connection will be encrypted with WPA2.

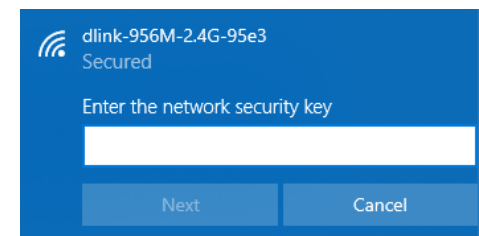
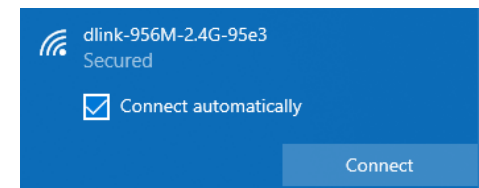
Windows[®] 10

When connecting to the DWR-957M wirelessly for the first time, you will need to input the wireless network name (SSID) and Wi-Fi password (security key) of the device you are connecting to. If your product has a Wi-Fi configuration card, you can find the default network name and Wi-Fi password here. Otherwise refer to the product label for the default Wi-Fi network SSID and password, or enter the Wi-Fi credentials set during the product configuration.

1. To join an existing network, locate the wireless network icon in the taskbar, next to the time display and click on it.
2. Clicking on this icon will display a list of wireless networks which are within range of your computer. Select the desired network by clicking on the SSID.
3. To connect to the SSID, click **Connect**.
4. To automatically connect with the router when your device next detects the SSID, click the **Connect Automatically** check box.
5. You will then be prompted to enter the Wi-Fi password (network security key) for the wireless network. Enter the password into the box and click **Next** to connect to the network. Your computer will now automatically connect to this wireless network when it is detected.
6. You can also use Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) to connect to the router. Press the WPS button on your D-Link device and you will be automatically connected.



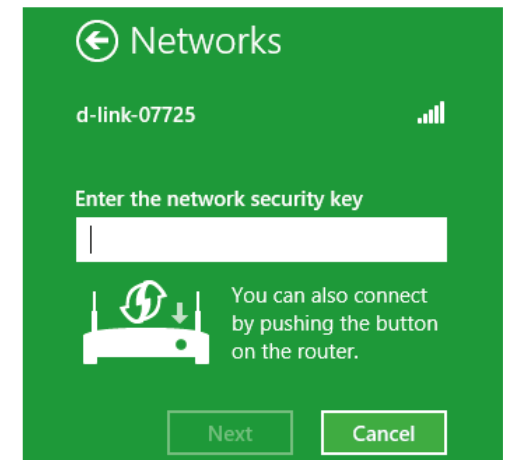
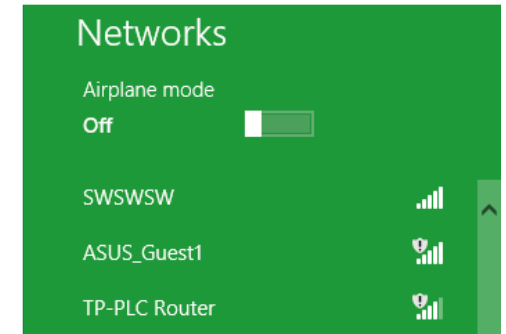
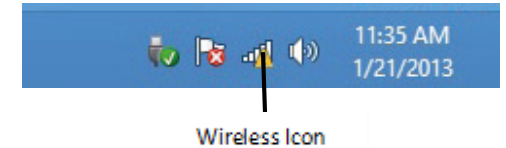
Wireless Icon



Windows® 8

It is recommended that you enable wireless security (WPA/WPA2) on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the security key (Wi-Fi password) being used.

1. To join an existing network, locate the wireless network icon in the taskbar next to the time display.
2. Clicking on this icon will display a list of wireless networks that are within connecting proximity of your computer. Select the desired network by clicking on the network name.
3. You will then be prompted to enter the network security key (Wi-Fi password) for the wireless network. Enter the password into the box and click **Next**.
4. If you wish to use Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) to connect to the router, you can also press the WPS button on your router during this step to enable the WPS function.
5. When you have established a successful connection to a wireless network, the word **Connected** will appear next to the name of the network to which you are connected to.



Windows® 7

It is recommended that you enable wireless security (WPA/WPA2) on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the security key or passphrase being used.

1. Click on the wireless icon in your system tray (lower-right corner).



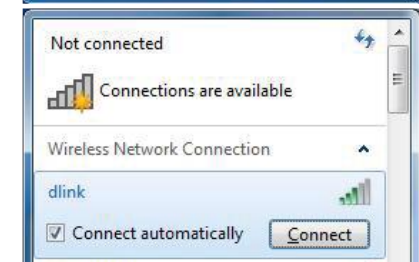
Wireless Icon

2. The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area.

3. Highlight the wireless connection with Wi-Fi name (SSID) you would like to connect to and click the **Connect** button.

If you get a good signal but cannot access the Internet, check your TCP/IP settings for your wireless adapter. Refer to the Networking Basics section in this manual for more information.

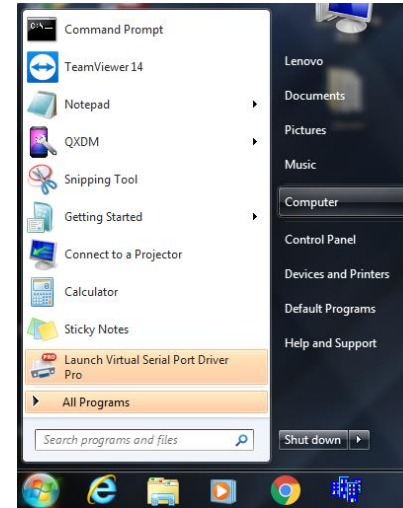
4. The following window appears while your computer tries to connect to the router.



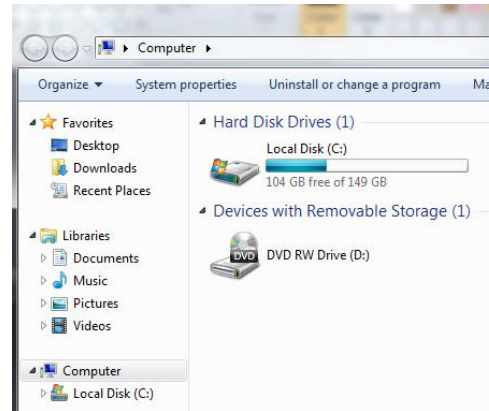
WPS

The WPS feature of the DWR-957M can be configured using Windows 7. Carry out the following steps to use Windows 7 to configure the WPS feature:

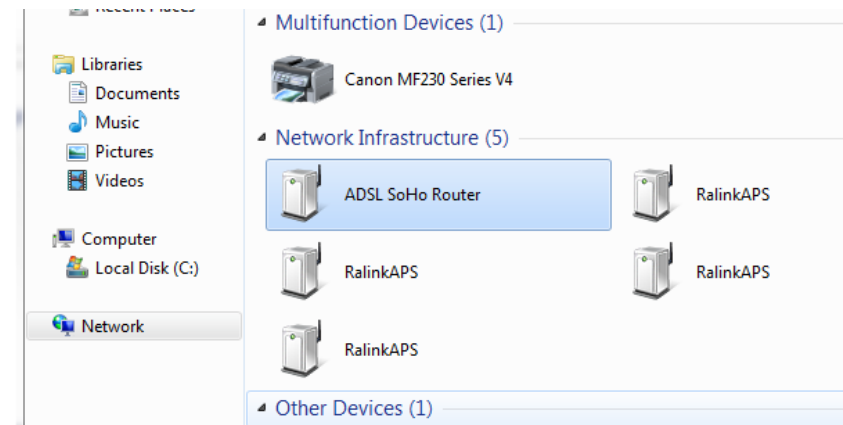
1. Click the **Start** button and select **Computer** from the Start menu.



2. Click **Network** on the left side.

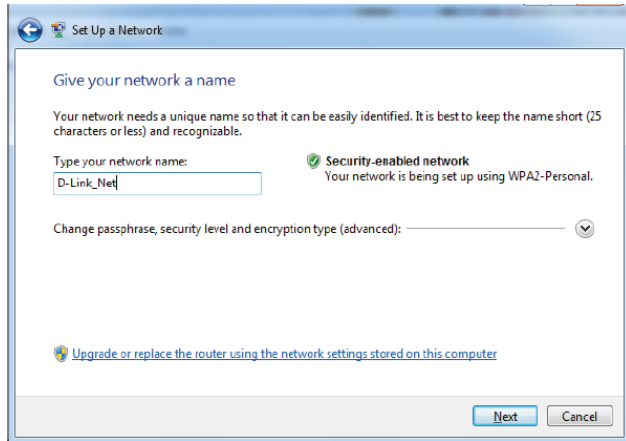


3. Double-click the DWR-957M (Will be displayed as RalinkAPS).



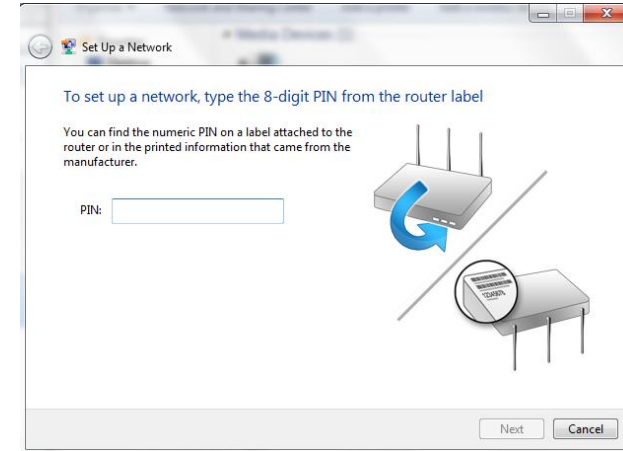
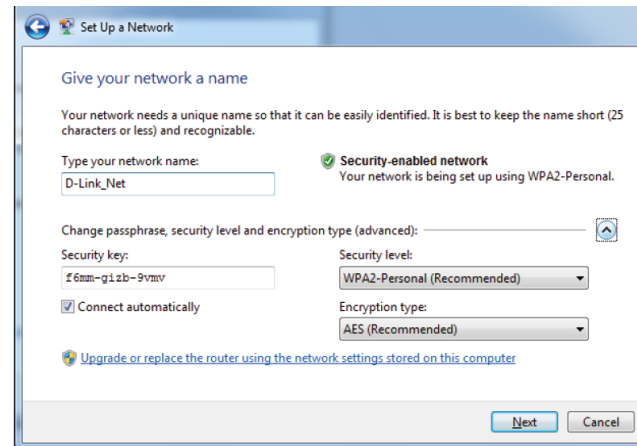
4. Input the WPS PIN number (on the router label) in the **Setup > Wireless Setup** menu in the Router's Web UI) and click **Next**.

5. Type a name to identify the network.



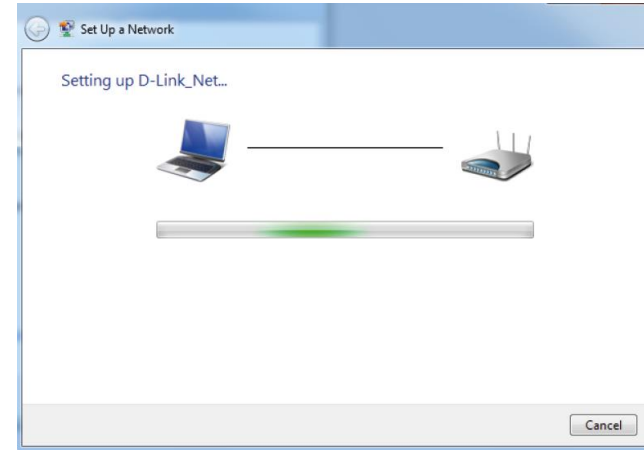
6. To configure advanced settings, click the Arrow icon.

Click **Next** to continue.



7. The following window appears while the DWR-957M is being configured.

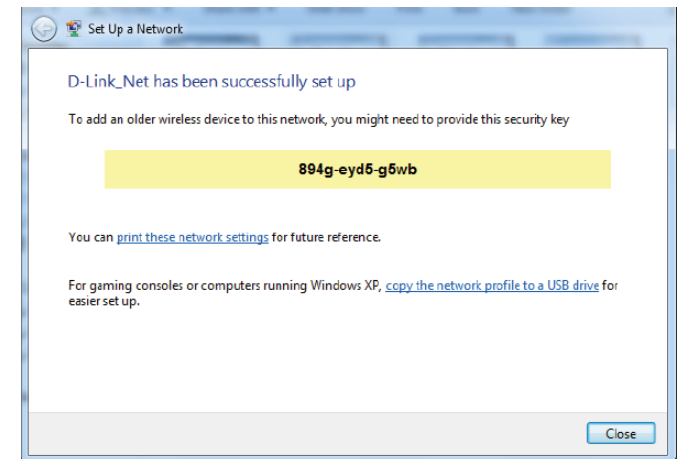
Wait for the configuration to complete.



8. The following window informs you that WPS on the DWR-957M has been set up successfully.

Make a note of the security key as you may need to provide this security key if adding an older wireless device to the network in the future.

9. Click **Close** to complete WPS setup.



Troubleshooting

This chapter provides solutions to problems that can occur during the installation and operation of the DWR-957M. Read the following descriptions if you are having problems. The examples below are illustrated in WindowsR XP. If you have a different operating system, the screenshots on your computer will look similar to these examples.

1. Why can't I access the web-based configuration utility?

When entering the IP address of the D-Link router (**10.0.0.2** for example), make sure you are not connected to a website, you don't have to be connected to the Internet. The device has the utility built-in to a ROM chip in the device itself. Your computer must be on the same IP subnet to connect to the web-based utility.

- Make sure you have an updated Java-enabled web browser. We recommend the following:
 - Microsoft Internet ExplorerR 10 or higher
 - Microsoft EDGE Browser 20 or higher
 - Mozilla Firefox 11 or higher
 - Google™ Chrome 17 or higher
 - Apple Safari 5 or higher
- Verify physical connectivity by checking for solid LAN lights on the device. If you do not get a solid LAN light, try using a different cable, or connect to a different port on the device. If the computer is turned off, the link light may not be on.
- Disable any Internet security software running on the computer. Software firewalls such as ZoneAlarm, BlackICE, Sygate, Norton Personal Firewall, and WindowsR XP firewall may block access to the configuration pages. Check the help files included with your firewall software for more information on disabling or configuring it.
- Configure your Internet settings:
 - Go to **Start > Settings > Control Panel**. Double-click the **Internet Options** icon. From the **Security** tab, click the button to restore the settings to their defaults.
 - Click the **Connection** tab and set the dial-up option to Never Dial a Connection. Click the LAN Settings button. Make sure nothing is checked. Click **OK**.
 - Go to the **Advanced** tab and click the button to restore these settings to their defaults. Click **OK** three times.
 - Close your web browser (if open) and open it.

- Access the web management. Open your web browser and enter the IP address of your D-Link router in the address bar. This should open the login page for your web management.
- If you still cannot access the configuration, unplug the power to the router for 10 seconds and plug back in. Wait about 30 seconds and try accessing the configuration. If you have multiple computers, try connecting using a different computer.

2. What can I do if I forgot my password?

If you forgot your password, you must reset your router. This process will change all your settings back to the factory defaults.

To reset the router, locate the reset button (hole) on the rear panel of the unit. With the router powered on, press and hold the the rest button down for 20-25 seconds. Release the button and the router will go through its reboot process. Wait about 30 seconds to access the router. The default IP address is **10.0.0.2**. When logging in, the default username is admin and the default password it admin.

3. Why can't I connect to certain sites or send and receive emails when connecting through my router?

If you are having a problem sending or receiving email, or connecting to secure sites such as eBay, banking sites, and Hotmail, we suggest lowering the MTU in increments of ten (Ex. 1492, 1482, 1472, etc).

To find the proper MTU Size, you'll have to do a special ping of the destination you're trying to go to. A destination could be another computer, or a URL.

- Click on **Start** and then click **Run**.
- Windows® 95, 98, and Me users type in **command** (WindowsR NT, 2000, XP, VistaR, 7, 8.x, and 10 users type in **cmd**) and press **Enter** (or click **OK**).
 - Once the window opens, you'll need to do a special ping. Use the following syntax: **ping [url] [-f] [-l] [MTU value]**
Example: **ping yahoo.com -f -l 1472**

```
C:\>ping yahoo.com -f -l 1482
Pinging yahoo.com [66.94.234.13] with 1482 bytes of data:
Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set.
Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set.
Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set.
Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set.

Ping statistics for 66.94.234.13:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>ping yahoo.com -f -l 1472
Pinging yahoo.com [66.94.234.13] with 1472 bytes of data:
Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=93ms TTL=52
Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=109ms TTL=52
Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=125ms TTL=52
Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=203ms TTL=52

Ping statistics for 66.94.234.13:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 93ms, Maximum = 203ms, Average = 132ms

C:\>
```

You should start at 1472 and work your way down by 10 each time. Once you get a reply, go up by 2 until you get a fragmented packet. Take that value and add 28 to the value to account for the various TCP/IP headers. For example, let's say that 1452 was the proper value, the actual MTU size would be 1480, which is the optimum for the network we're working with ($1452+28=1480$).

Once you find your MTU, you can now configure your router with the proper MTU size.

To change the MTU rate on your router follow the steps below:

- Open your browser, enter the IP address of your router (192.168.1.1) and click **OK**.
- Enter your username (admin) and password (blank by default). Click **OK** to enter the web configuration page for the device.
- Click on **Setup** and then click **Manual Configure**.
- To change the MTU, enter the number in the MTU field and click **Save Settings** to save your settings.
- Test your email. If changing the MTU does not resolve the problem, continue changing the MTU in increments of ten.

Wireless Basics

D-Link wireless products are based on industry standards to provide easy-to-use and compatible high-speed wireless connectivity within your home, business, or public access wireless networks. Strictly adhering to the IEEE standard, the D-Link wireless family of products will allow you to access the data you want, when, and where you want it. You will be able to enjoy the freedom that wireless networking delivers.

A wireless local area network (WLAN) is a cellular computer network that transmits and receives data with radio signals instead of wires. Wireless LANs are used increasingly in both home and office environments, and public areas such as airports, coffee shops and universities. Innovative ways to utilize WLAN technology are helping people work, and communicate more efficiently. Increased mobility and the absence of cabling and other fixed infrastructure have proven to be beneficial for many users.

Wireless users can use the same applications they use on a wired network. Wireless adapter cards used on laptop and desktop systems support the same protocols as Ethernet adapter cards. Under many circumstances, it may be desirable for mobile network devices to link to a conventional Ethernet LAN in order to use servers, printers or an Internet connection supplied through the wired LAN. A wireless router is a device used to provide this link.

What is Wireless?

Wireless or Wi-Fi technology is another way of connecting your computer to the network without using wires. Wi-Fi uses radio frequency to connect wirelessly so you have the freedom to connect computers anywhere in your home or office network.

Why D-Link Wireless?

D-Link is the worldwide leader and award winning designer, developer, and manufacturer of networking products. D-Link delivers the performance you need at a price you can afford. D-Link has all the products you need to build your network.

How does wireless work?

Wireless works similarly to how cordless phones work, through radio signals that transmit data from one point A to point B. But wireless technology has restrictions as to how you can access the network. You must be within the wireless network range area to be able to connect your computer. There are two different types of wireless networks: Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN), and Wireless Personal Area Network (WPAN).

Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN)

In a wireless local area network, a device called an Access Point (AP) connects computers to the network. The access point has a small antenna attached to it, which allows it to transmit data back and forth over radio signals. With an indoor access point the signal can travel up to 300 feet. With an outdoor access point the signal can reach out up to 30 miles to serve places like manufacturing plants, industrial locations, university and high school campuses, airports, golf courses, and many other outdoor venues.

Wireless Personal Area Network (WPAN)

Bluetooth is the industry standard wireless technology used for WPAN. Bluetooth devices in WPAN operate in a range up to 30 feet away.

Compared to WLAN the speed and wireless operation range are both less than WLAN, but in return it doesn't use nearly as much power. This makes it ideal for personal devices, such as mobile phones, PDAs, headphones, laptops, speakers, and other devices that operate on batteries.

Who uses wireless?

Wireless technology has become so popular in recent years that almost everyone is using it, whether it's for home, office, business, D-Link has a wireless solution for it.

Home Uses/Benefits

- Gives everyone at home broadband access
- Surf the web, check email, instant message, etc.
- Gets rid of the cables around the house
- Simple and easy to use

Small Office and Home Office Uses/Benefits

- Stay on top of everything at home as you would at office
- Remotely access your office network from home
- Share Internet connection and printer with multiple computers
- No need to dedicate office space

Where is wireless used?

Wireless technology is expanding everywhere, not just at home or office. People like the freedom of mobility and it's becoming so popular that more and more public facilities now provide wireless access to attract people. The wireless connection in public places is usually called "hotspots".

Using a D-Link USB adapter with your laptop, you can access the hotspot to connect to the Internet from remote locations like: airports, hotels, coffee shops, libraries, restaurants, and convention centers.

Wireless network is easy to setup, but if you're installing it for the first time it could be quite a task not knowing where to start. That's why we've put together a few setup steps and tips to help you through the process of setting up a wireless network.

Tips

Here are a few things to keep in mind, when you install a wireless network.

Centralize your router or access point

Make sure you place the router/access point in a centralized location within your network for the best performance. Try to place the router/access point as high as possible in the room, so the signal gets dispersed throughout your home. If you have a two-story home, you may need a repeater to boost the signal to extend the range.

Eliminate Interference

Place home appliances such as cordless telephones, microwaves, and televisions as far away as possible from the router/access point. This would significantly reduce any interference that the appliances might cause since they operate on same frequency.

Security

Don't let your next-door neighbors or intruders connect to your wireless network. Encrypt your wireless network by turning on the WPA or WEP security feature on the router. Refer to the product manual for detail information on how to set it up.

Wireless Modes

There are basically two modes of networking:

- **Infrastructure** – All wireless clients will connect to an access point or wireless router.
- **Ad-hoc** – Directly connecting to another computer for peer-to-peer communication using wireless network adapters on each computer, such as two or more DWR-957M wireless network USB adapters.

An Infrastructure network contains an access point or wireless router. All the wireless devices, or clients, will connect to the wireless router or access point.

An Ad-hoc network contains only clients, such as laptops with wireless USB adapters. All the adapters must be in Ad-hoc mode to communicate.

Networking Basics

After you install your new D-Link adapter, by default, the TCP/IP settings should be set to obtain an IP address from a DHCP server (i.e. wireless router) automatically. To verify your IP address, please follow the steps below.

Click on **Start > Run**. In the run box type **cmd** and click **OK**. (WindowsR 7/VistaR users type **cmd** in the **Start Search** box.)

At the prompt, type **ipconfig** and press **Enter**.

This will display the IP address, subnet mask, and the default gateway of your adapter.

If the address is 0.0.0.0, check your adapter installation, security settings, and the settings on your router. Some firewall software programs may block a DHCP request on newly installed adapters.

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
Connection-specific DNS Suffix . : localhost
Wireless LAN adapter Local Area Connection* 11:
Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected
Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :
Wireless LAN adapter Local Area Connection* 14:
Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected
Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :
Wireless LAN adapter Wi-Fi:
Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :
Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::14d5:9f08:b952:b322%17
IPv4 Address. . . . . : 192.168.100.160
Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
Default Gateway . . . . . : 192.168.100.1
C:\Users\Dawie>
```


Statically Assign an IP address

If you are not using a DHCP capable gateway/router, or you need to assign a static IP address, please follow the steps below:

Step 1

Windows® 7- Click on Start > Control Panel > Network and Internet > Network and Sharing Center > Change Adaptor Options

Windows® 8,10 - Click on Start > Search for Control Panel > Network and Internet > Network and Sharing Center > Change adaptor settings.

Step 2

Right-click on the **Local Area Connection/ Ethernet** which represents your network adapter and select Properties.

Step 3

Highlight **Internet Protocol version 4 (TCP/IP)** and click **Properties**.

Step 4

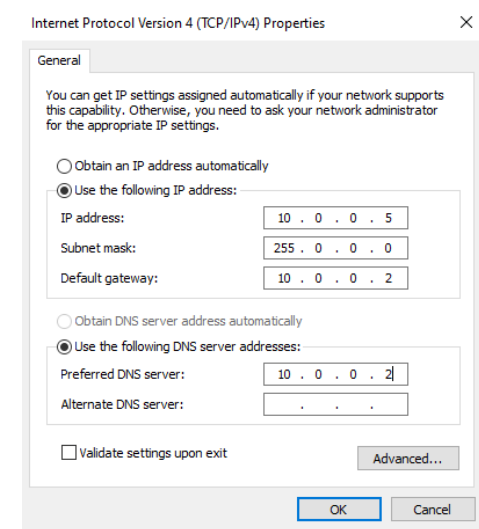
Click **Use the following IP address** and enter an IP address that is on the same subnet as your network or the LAN IP address on your router.

Example: If the router's LAN IP address is 10.0.0.2, make your IP address 10.0.0.X where X is a number between 2 and 99. Make sure that the number you choose is not in use on the network. Set the Default Gateway the same as the LAN IP address of your router (I.E. 10.0.0.2).

Set Primary DNS the same as the LAN IP address of your router (10.0.0.2). The Secondary DNS is not needed or you may enter a DNS server from your ISP.

Step 5

Click **OK** twice to save your settings.



Wireless Security

This section will show you the different levels of encryption you can use to help protect your data from intruders. The DWR-957M offers the following types of security:

- WPA2 (Wi-Fi Protected Access 2)
- WPA2-PSK (Pre-Shared Key)
- WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access)
- WPA-PSK (Pre-Shared Key)

What is WPA?

WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access), is a Wi-Fi standard that was designed to improve the security features of WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy).

The 2 major improvements over WEP:

- Improved data encryption through the Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP). TKIP scrambles the keys using a hashing algorithm and by adding an integrity-checking feature, ensures that the keys haven't been tampered with. WPA2 is based on 802.11i and uses Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) instead of TKIP.
- User authentication, which is generally missing in WEP, through the extensible authentication protocol (EAP). WEP regulates access to a wireless network based on a computer's hardware-specific MAC address, which is relatively simple to be sniffed out and stolen. EAP is built on a more robust public-key encryption system to ensure that only authorized network users can access the network.

WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK uses a passphrase or key to authenticate your wireless connection. The key is an alpha-numeric password between 8 and 63 characters long. The password can include symbols (!?*&_) and spaces. This key must be the exact same key entered on your wireless router or access point.

WPA/WPA2 incorporates user authentication through the Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP). EAP is built on a more robust public key encryption system to ensure that only authorized network users can access the network.

Technical Specifications

Device Interfaces

- 4 x RJ-45 Gigabit Ethernet LAN ports
- 1 x FXS RJ-11 ports
- 1 x RJ-45 Gigabit Ethernet WAN port
- 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz wireless for 802.11 a/b/g/n/ac
- 1 x USB 3.0 port

Antenna Types

- 2 external dual band detachable antennas

Standards

- IEEE 802.11a
- IEEE 802.11b
- IEEE 802.11g
- IEEE 802.11n
- IEEE 802.11ac
- IEEE 802.3
- IEEE 802.3u
- IEEE 802.3ab
- IEEE 802.3az
- IEEE 802.3x
- IEEE 802.11e
- IEEE 802.1p

Wi-Fi Encryption

- WPA™ - Personal/Enterprise
- WPA2™ - Personal/Enterprise
- Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) PIN/PBC

Power

- Input: 100 to 240 V AC, 50/60 Hz
- Output: 12 V DC, 1.5 A

Operating Temperature

- 0 to 40 °C (32 to 104 °F)

Storage Temperature

- -20 to 80 °C (-4 to 176 °F)

Operating Humidity

- 5% to 85% maximum (non-condensing)

Certifications

- CE

Dimensions

- 210 x 150 x 37 mm (8.26 x 5.91 x 1.46 in)

Weight

- 475.7 g (1.05 lbs)

Regulatory Information

CE EMI Class A Warning

This equipment is compliant with Class A of CISPR 32. In a residential environment this equipment may cause radio interference.



	Frequency Band(s) Frequenzband Fréquence bande(s) Bandas de Frecuencia Frequenza/e Frequentie(s)	Max. Output Power (EIRP) Max. Output Power Consommation d'énergie max. Potencia máxima de Salida Potenza max. Output Max. Output Power
5 GHz	5.15 – 5.25 GHz	200mW
	5.25 – 5.35 GHz	200Mw
	5.47 – 5.725 GHz	1W
2.4 GHz	2.4 – 2.4835 GHz	100 mW